

Quantum Computing & Cryptography

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Landing Festival Berlin, 3 April 2019

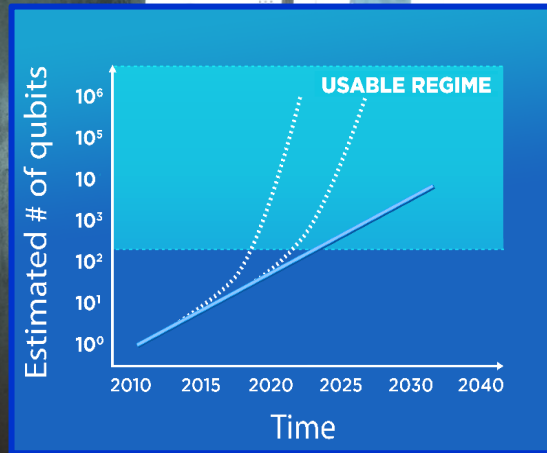


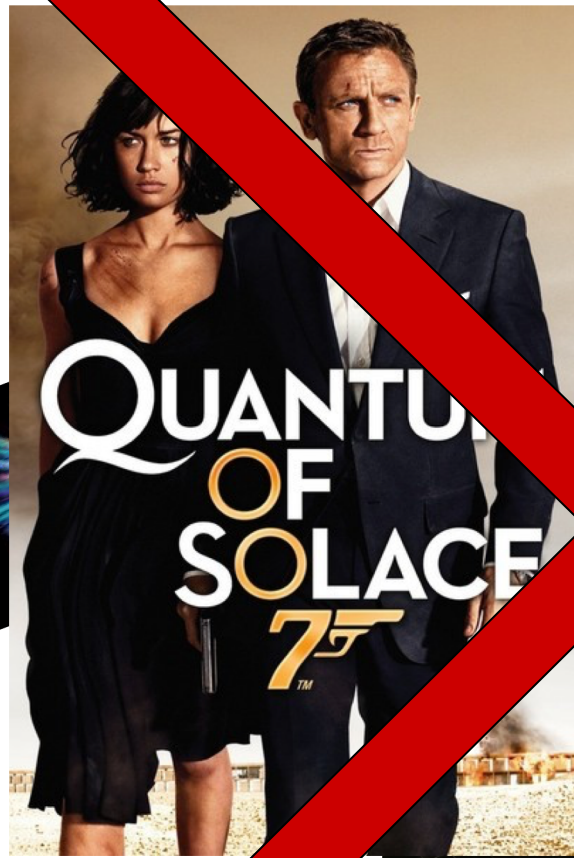
A little thought experiment...

Quantum Computer

What are you going to do with it?

10-20 quantum bits now
50-100 qubits in the next 5 years!





TOUCH®

Healing 101

How to deal with
pain
with quantum power

Quantum Physics

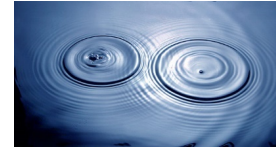
1. Superposition:

- Of different states



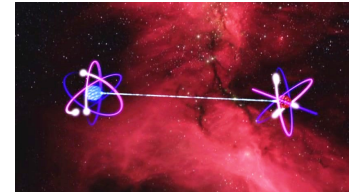
2. Interference:

- Of states



3. Entanglement:

- Of two or more physical systems



Quantum Physics

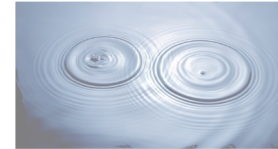
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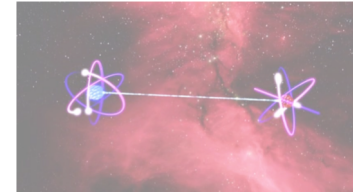
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- Of states



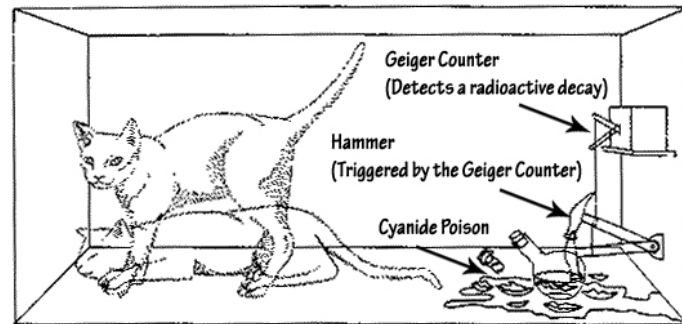
3. Entanglement:

- Of two or more physical systems

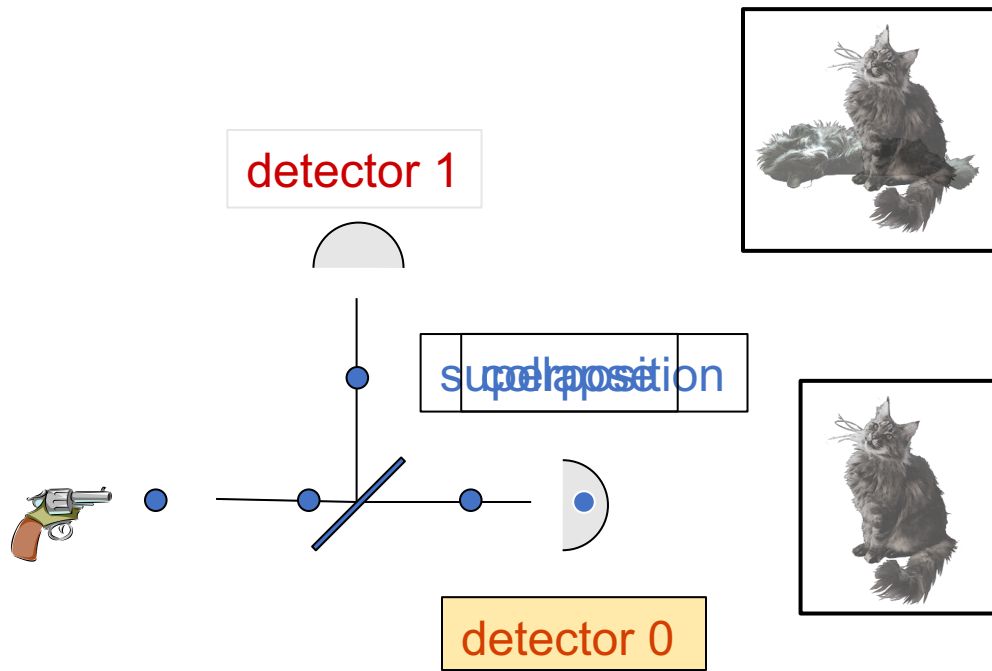


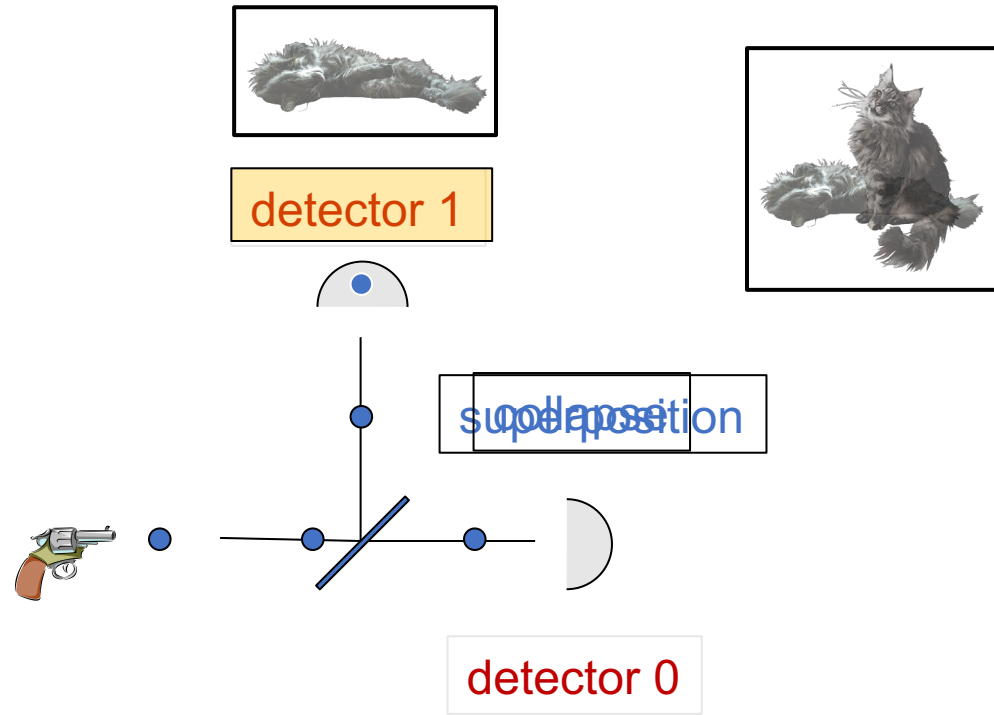
Superposition

- An object in **different** states **simultaneously**:
 - A photon can be at **two positions** at the **same time**
 - Schrödinger's cat: **dead** and **alive**
- Experimentally verified:
 - Small systems, such as photons
 - Bigger systems, molecules...

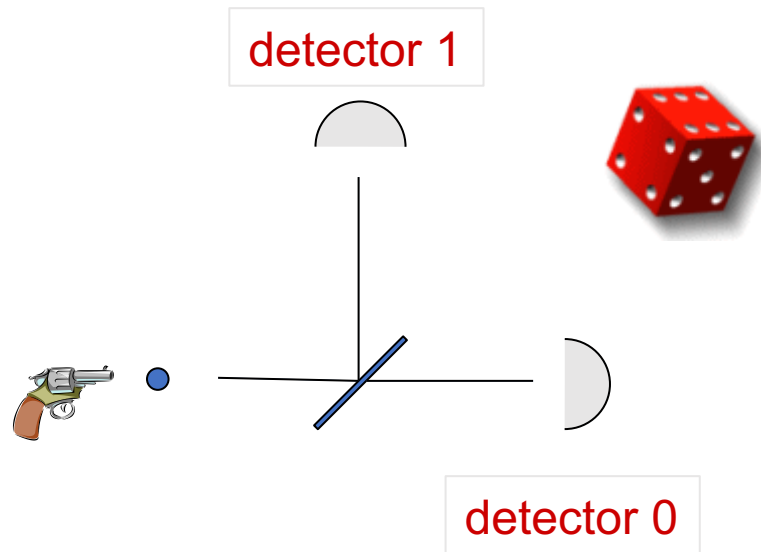


Superposition: An experiment





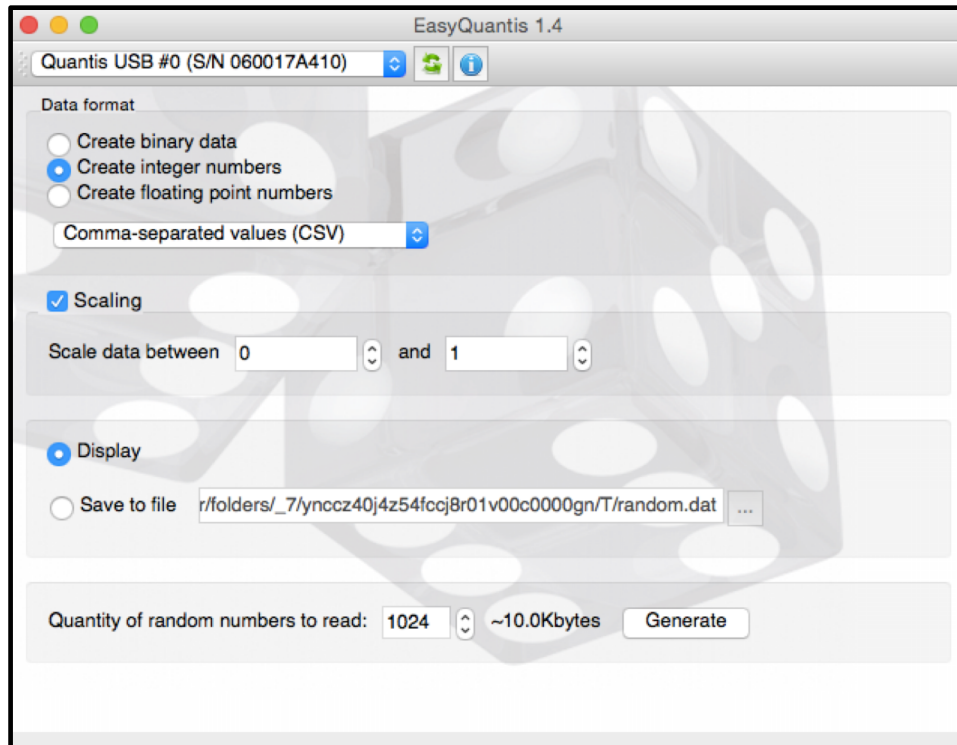
50% detector 0 clicks
50% detector 1 clicks

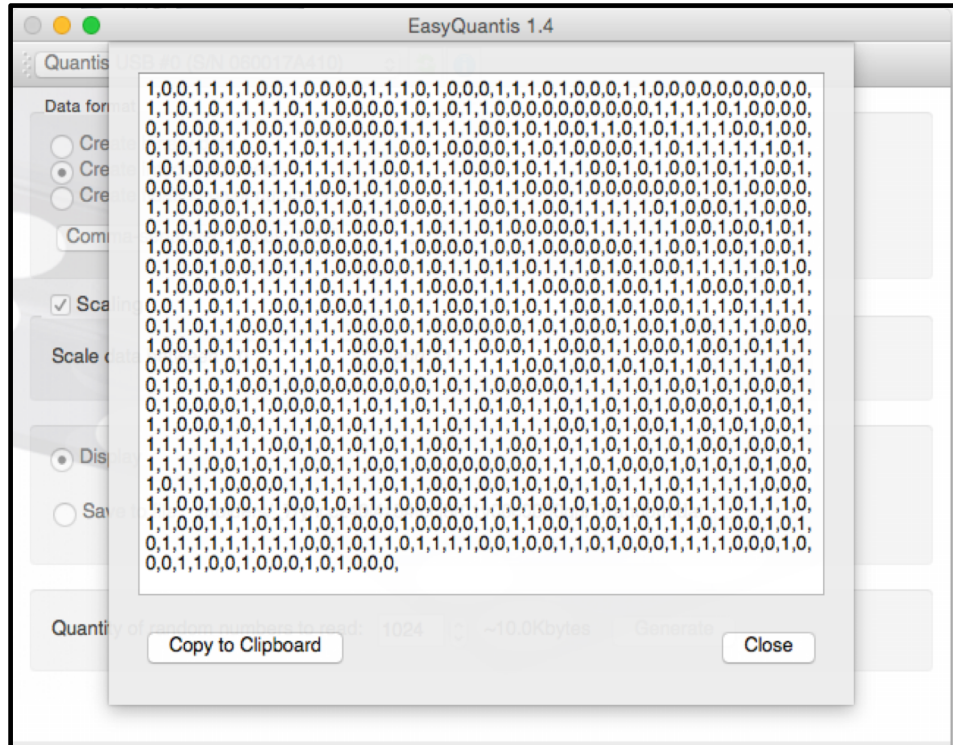


Random Number Generator

Swiss company:
id Quantique







Quantum Physics

1. Superposition:

- Of different states
- Observation: collapse of the superposition



2. Interference

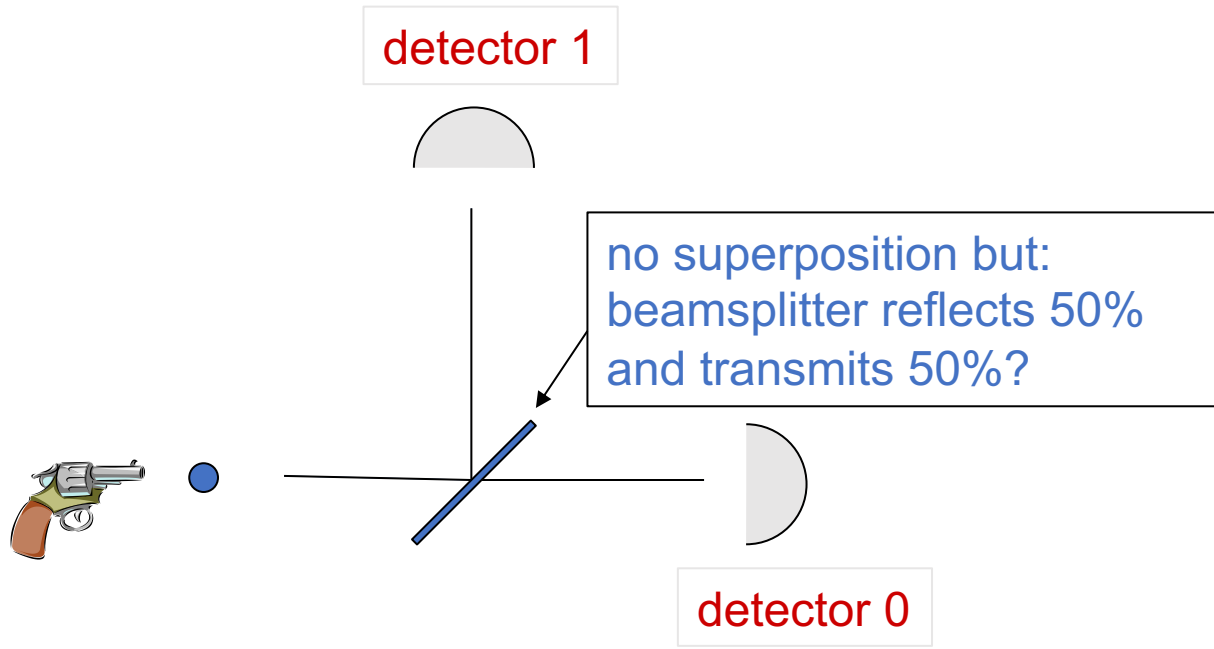
- Of an object in superposition



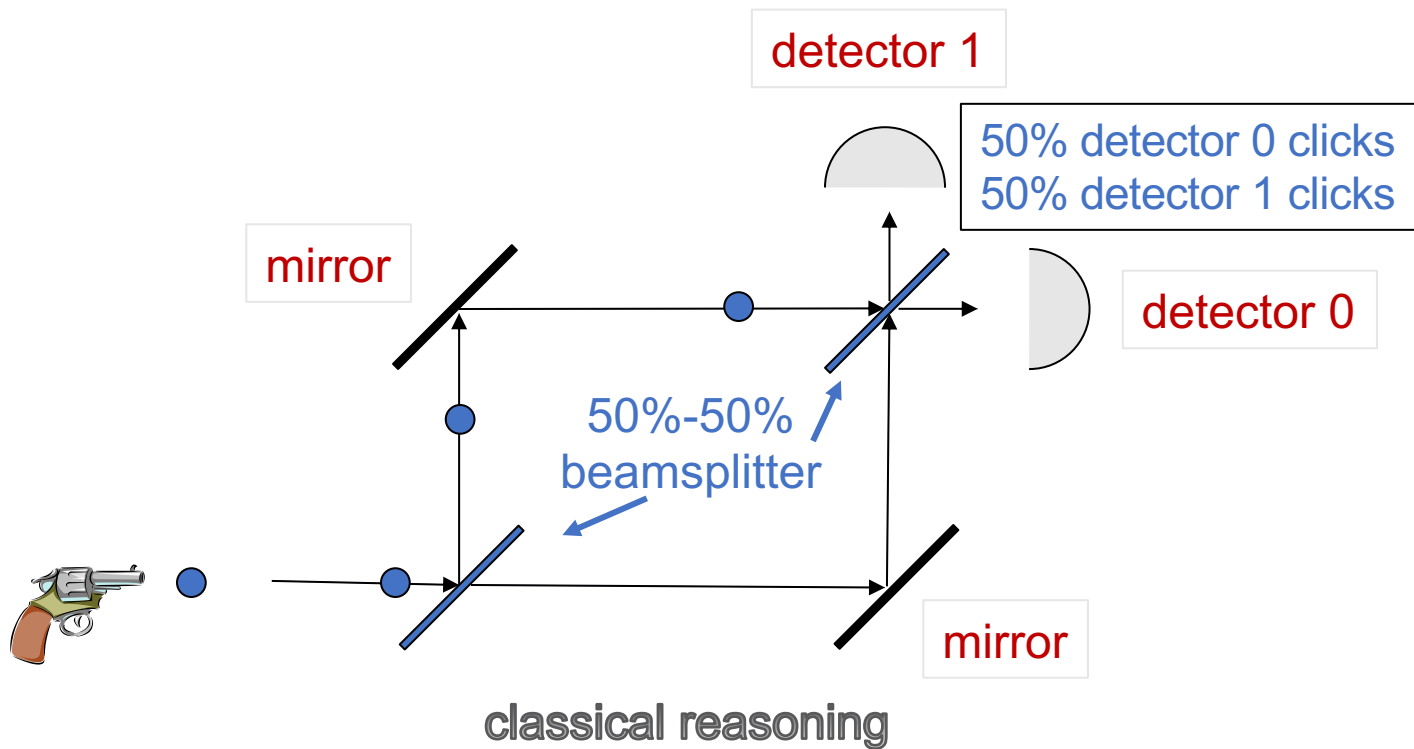
3. Entanglement

- Of two or more physical systems

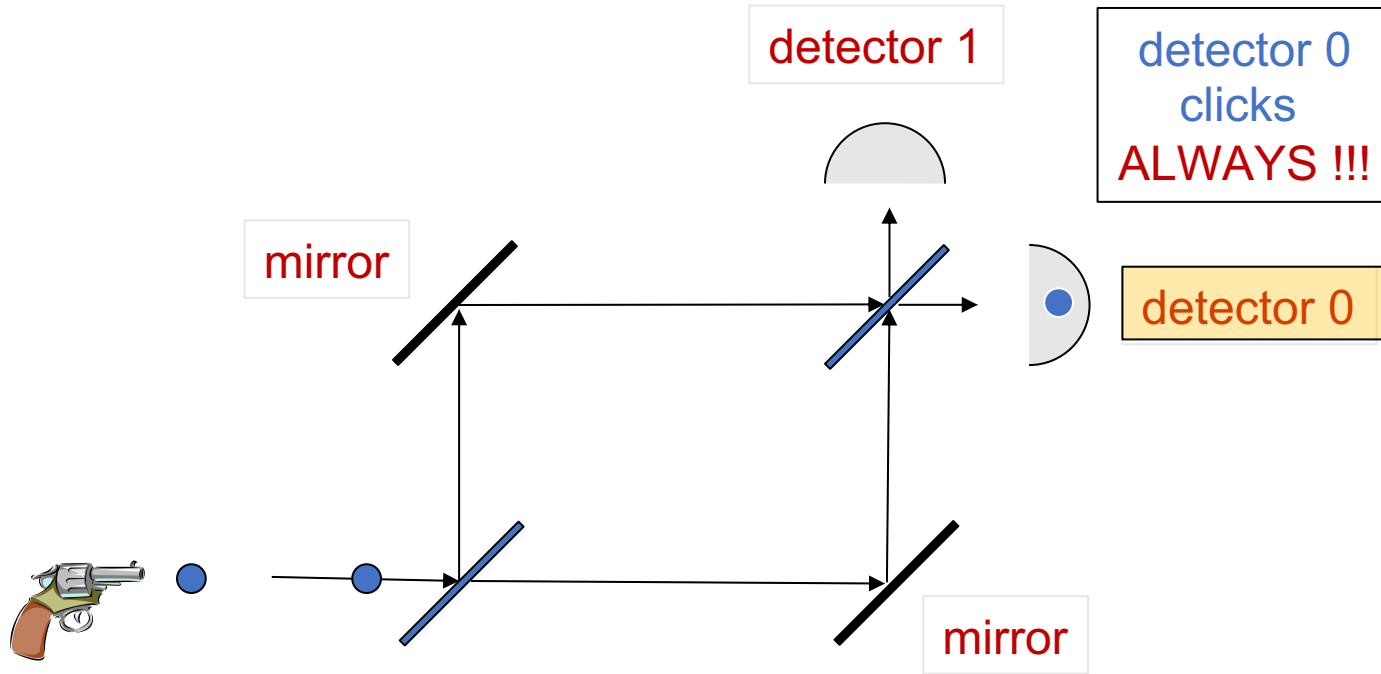




Mach-Zehnder interferometer

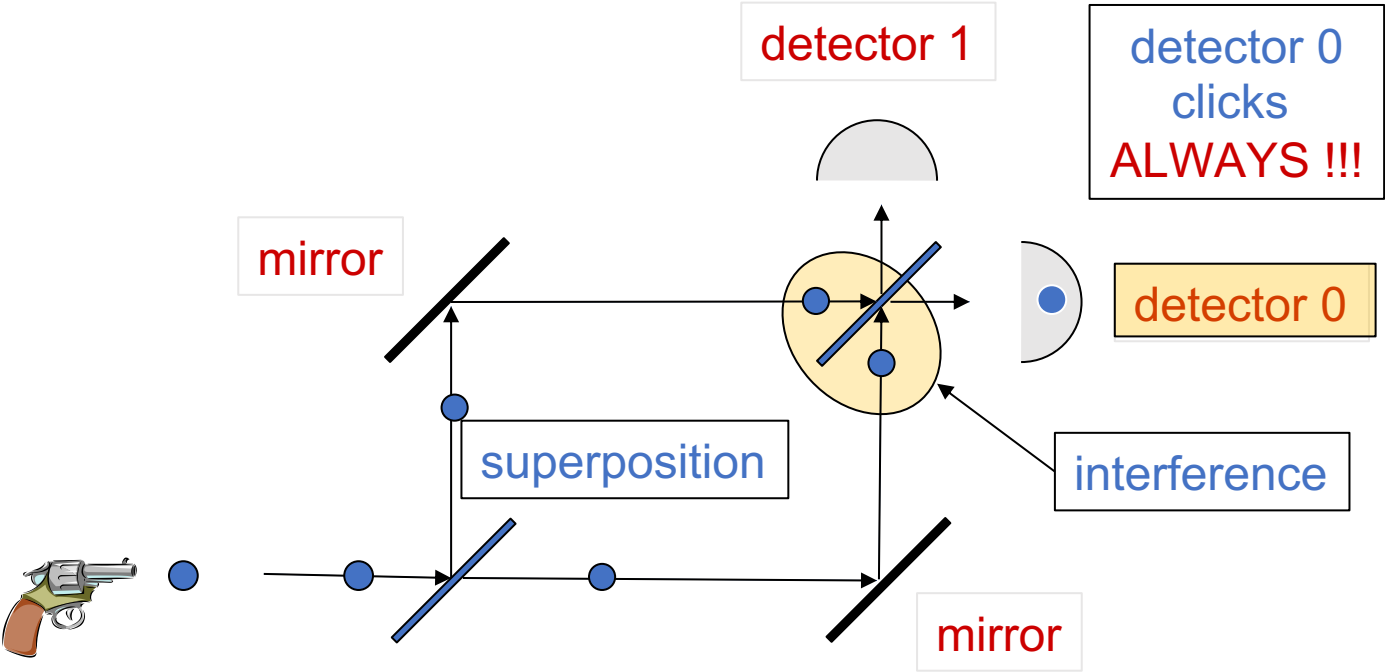


Mach-Zehnder interferometer



When you perform the experiment

Try it yourself: <http://quantumgame.io/>

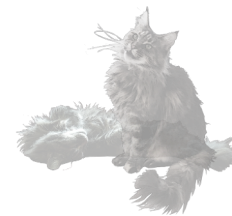


According to quantum mechanics

Quantum Physics

1. Superposition

- Of different states
- Observation: collapse of the superposition



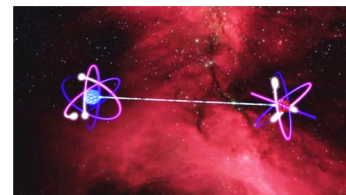
2. Interference:

- Of an object in superposition



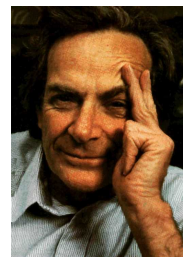
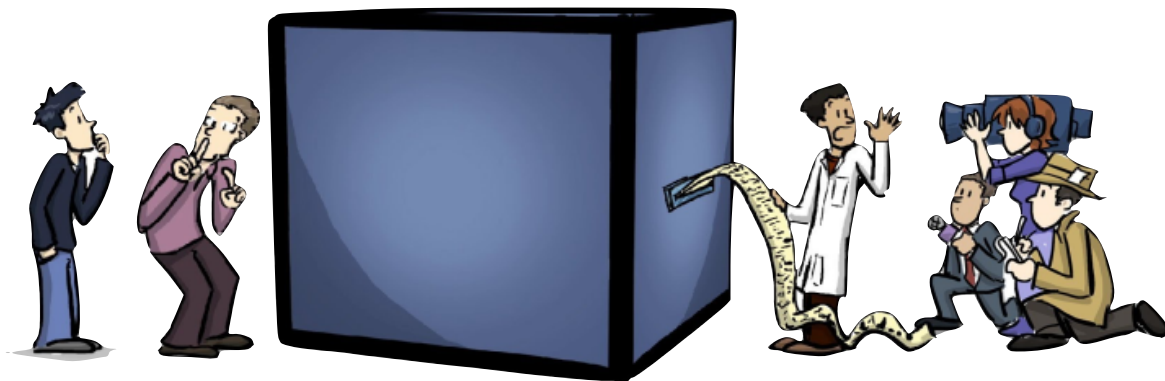
3. Entanglement:

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Quantum Physics
+ Computer Science =

A Quantum
COMPUTER



Feynman 1981



Deutsch
1985

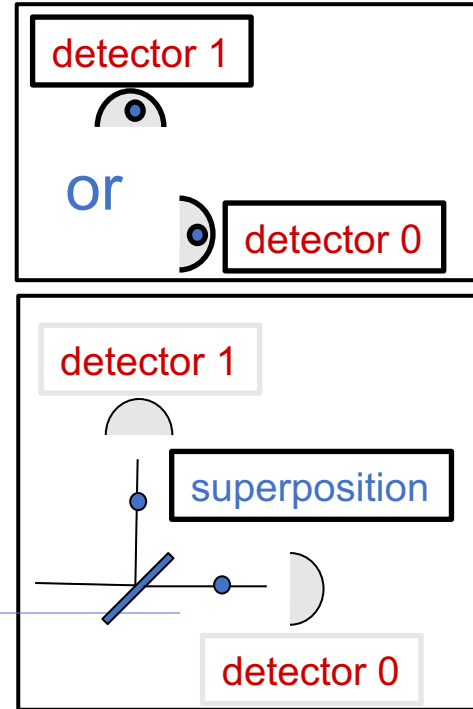
Quantum Bit (QuBit)

- Classical bit:

0 or **1**

- Quantum bit:

superposition of **0** and **1**



More Qubits

- 1 qubit superposition of 2 states
- 2 qubits superposition of 4 states
- 3 qubits superposition of 8 states
- 4 qubits superposition of 16 states
- 5 qubits superposition of 32 states
- 6 qubits superposition of 64 states
- 300 qubits superposition of 2^{300} states

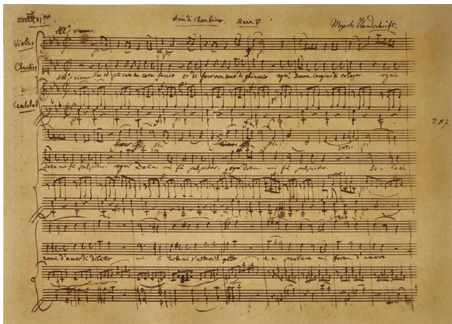
Quantum Software: Fundamentally Different

- Qubit: superposition of **0 and 1**
- 300 qubits: astronomical amount of **parallel computation**
- How to get the answer out??
 - Measuring destroys computation!!
- Quantum Program
 - Use **interference** to cancel undesired computations
- **Does not always work!**

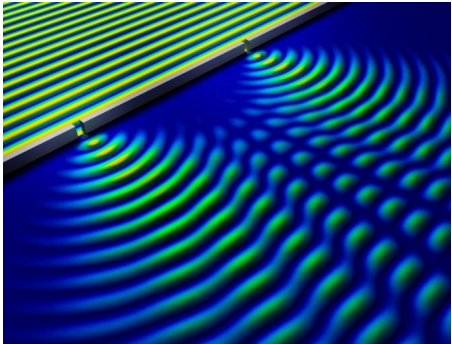


Our focus: how can we optimally use the extra power?

Quantum Programming is like Composing



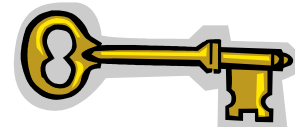
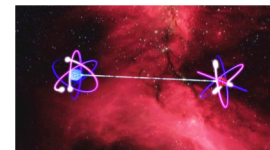
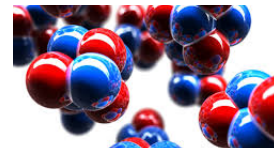
- **Music**
 - Sound waves interfere
 - Composer creates 'beautiful' interference of sound waves



- **Quantum Computer**
 - Qubits in superposition interfere
 - Quantum programmer ensures useful interference of qubit states

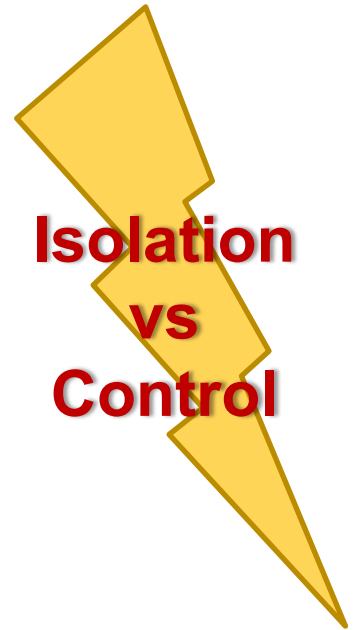
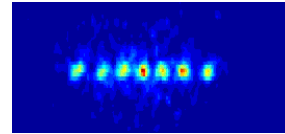
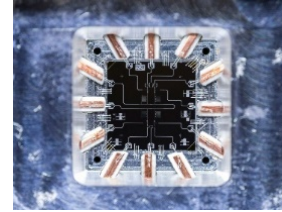
What can you do with it?

- **Simulation of nature**
 - Chemistry, material design, new medicines..
- **Efficient communication**
 - Quantum internet, entanglement etc.
- **Factorizing big numbers [Shor]**
 - Breaks frequently used cryptography
- **Quantum cryptography [Bennett-Brassard-Ekert]**
 - Cryptography using quantum communication
- ???????



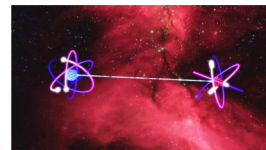
Progress In Building Qubits

- **Many groups** worldwide progress with building qubits
- **Solid state:**
 - **50** solid-state qubits IBM
 - **49** Intel
 - **50** Google → **72**
 - **Fairly stable**
- **Trapped ions:**
 - **11** qubits Monroe
- **D-Wave:**
 - **2048** qubits (not very stable)

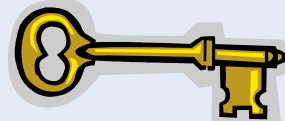


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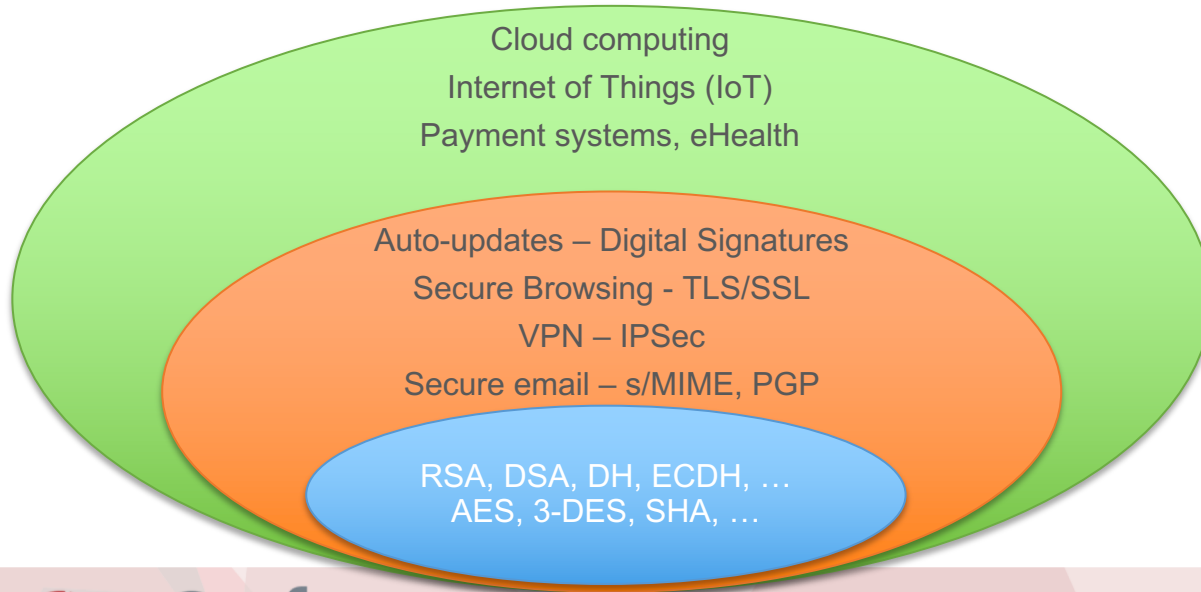
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 - Cryptography using quantum communication



- ???????

Cyber Security

“Cyber Security provides security, safety and privacy solutions that are **vital for our economy** including but not limited to critical infrastructures, smart cities, cloud computing, online services and e-government.”



Quantum Algorithm for Factorization

- Peter Shor 1994: efficient quantum algorithm for factoring integer numbers

- $15 = 3 * 5$

- $27 =$

- $31 =$

- $57 =$

- $91 =$

- $173 =$

- RSA-100 =

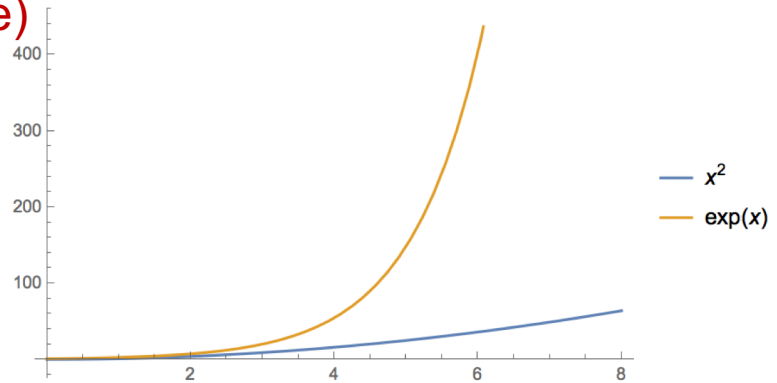
1522605027922533360535618378132637429718068114961380688657908494580122963258952897654000350692006139



Quantum Computer Breaks Public-Key Crypto



- Peter Shor 1994: efficient quantum algorithm for factoring integer numbers
- For a 600-digit number (RSA-2048)
 - **Classical: age of universe (exponential time)**
 - **Quantum: few minutes (polynomial time)**
- Consequence: Large enough quantum computers **break all currently used public-key cryptosystems!!!**



Current Cryptography Under Quantum Attack

Security level systems	Conventional attacks	Quantum attacks
Symmetric-key encryption (AES-256)	256 bits of security	128 bits
Hash functions (SHA3-256)	128 bits	85 bits
Public-key crypto (key exchange, digital signatures, encryption) (RSA-2048, ECC-256)	112 bits	~ 0 bits

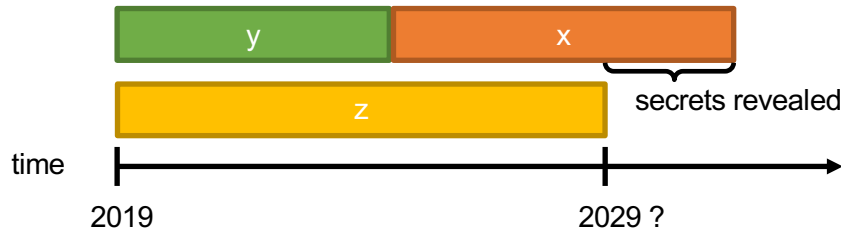


Products, services, businesses relying on security either stop functioning or do not provide expected levels of security!

When Do We Need To Worry?

Depends on:

- How long do you need to keep your secrets secure? (x years)
- How much time will it take to re-tool the existing infrastructure? (y years)
- How long will it take for a large-scale quantum computer to be built? (z years)
- Theorem (Mosca): If $x + y > z$, then worry.



- If $x > z$ or $y > z$, you are in big trouble!



Conventional Quantum-Safe Cryptography

- **Wanted:** new assumptions to replace factoring and discrete logarithms in order to build conventional public-key cryptography



<https://csrc.nist.gov/Projects/Post-Quantum-Cryptography>

- NIST “competition”: 82 submissions (23 signature, 59 encryption schemes)
- Aug 2019: Second-round workshop in California
- Expected: 3-5 years of crypto-analysis
- New standards, world-wide adoption

The Future is Quantum: Governments



- QuTech in Delft, NL: €135 million
- €18.8 Mio for 10 years: Quantum Software Consortium



- Germany: €650 million for [quantum technologies](#)
- UK: £235 million five-year in [quantum computing](#)
- Sweden: €100 million for 10 years for [WACQT](#)
- [EU Flagship](#): €1 billion and a duration of 10 years
- US: \$1.2 billion [National Quantum Initiative Act](#)
- China: \$1 billion [initial funding](#) for National Laboratory for Quantum Information Sciences
- Canada, Australia, Singapore, ...



The Future is Quantum: Business

Google

rigetti

Sparrow
Quantum

1QBit

Q Branch

IBM

D:wave
The Quantum Computing Company™

intel®

evolution

XANADU

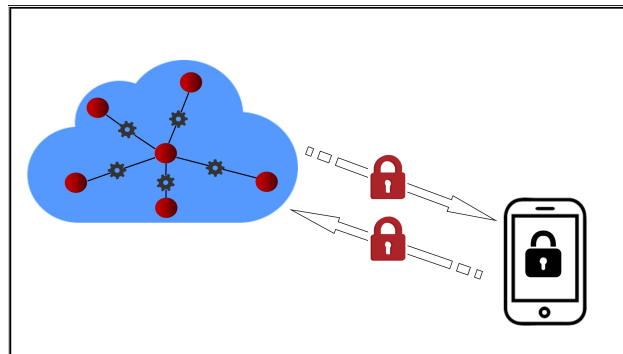
Microsoft

TURING

IONQ

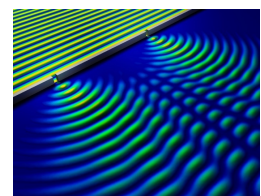
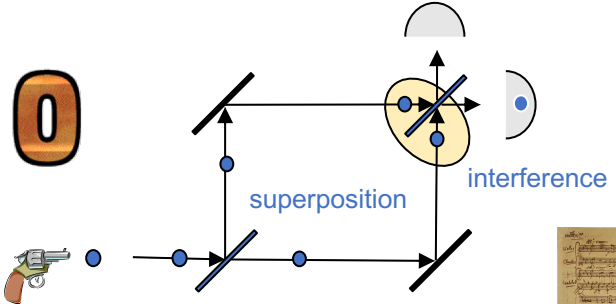
QuSoft
Research Center for Quantum Software

- Quantum networks
- Quantum cloud

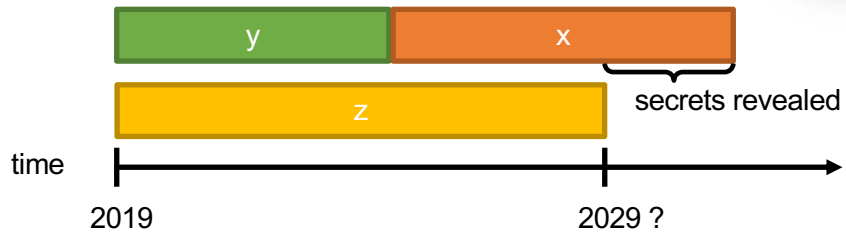
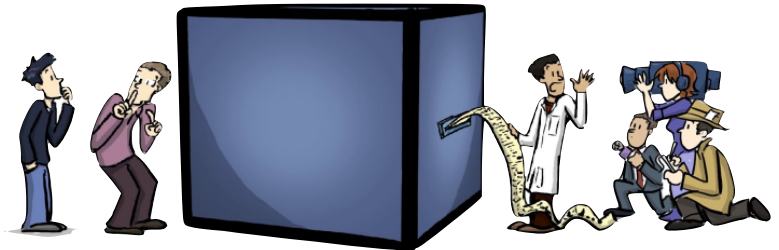


Y. Dulek, C. Schaffner, and F. Speelman, [arXiv:1603.09717](https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.09717)
Quantum homomorphic encryption for polynomial-sized circuits

Summary



Security systems	Standard attacks	Quantum attacks
Symmetric	256 bits of security	128 bits
Hash	128 bits	85 bits
Public-key	112 bits	~ 0 bits



Thank you for your attention!

“About your cat Mister Schrödinger...
I’ve got good **and** bad news.”



Get in touch: schaffner@qusoft.org