

Behavioural Response to Automated Vehicles: A Simple Formal Model

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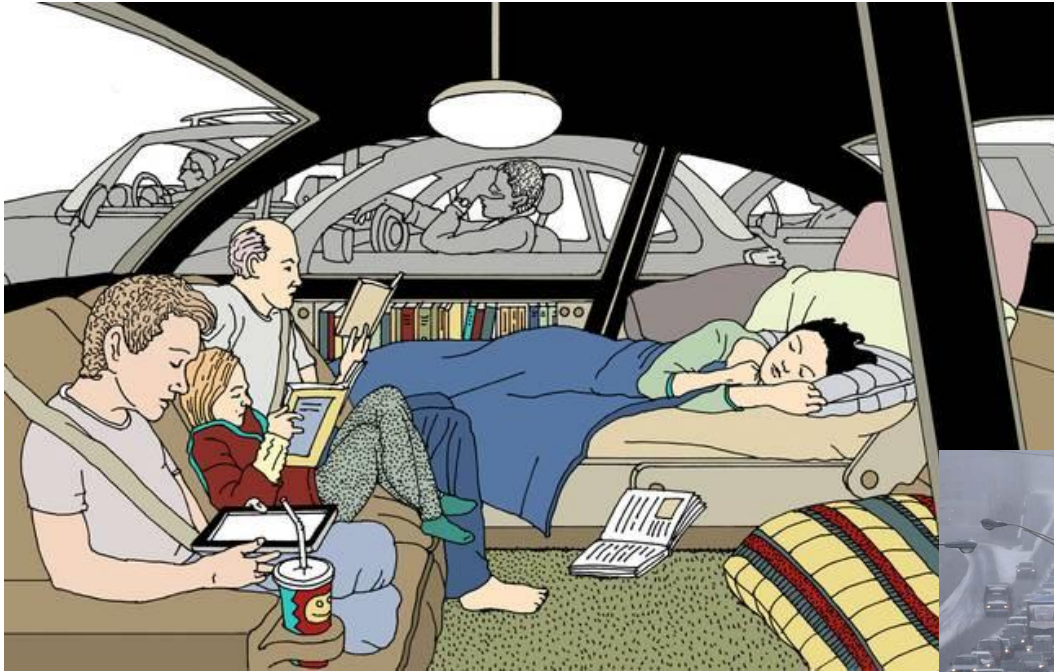
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Spatial and Transport Impacts of Automated Driving

Automated vehicles ...



<https://www.treehugger.com/cars/why-should-self-driving-cars-look-cars.html>

outside?

inside



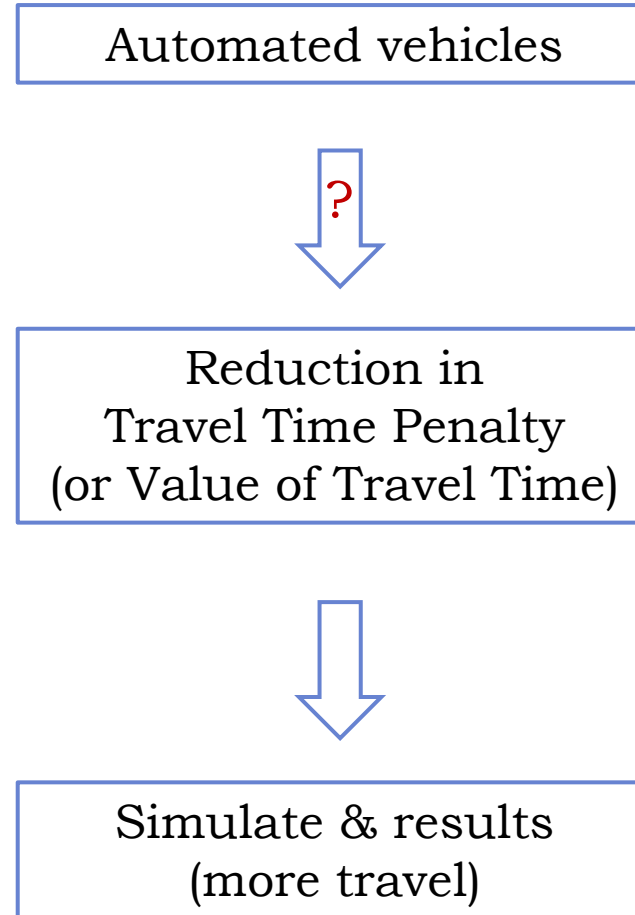
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kronjVz-lrc>
(Atlanta, US)



Need a formal model...

to predict the travel behaviour
of future automated vehicle users.

Current approaches



From an individual perspective

Wish-list:

1: Activity

2: Activity

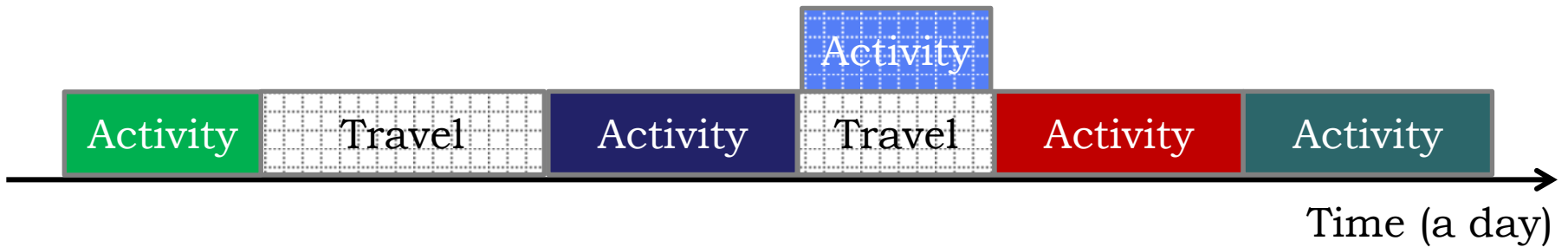


From an individual perspective

Wish-list:

1:

2:

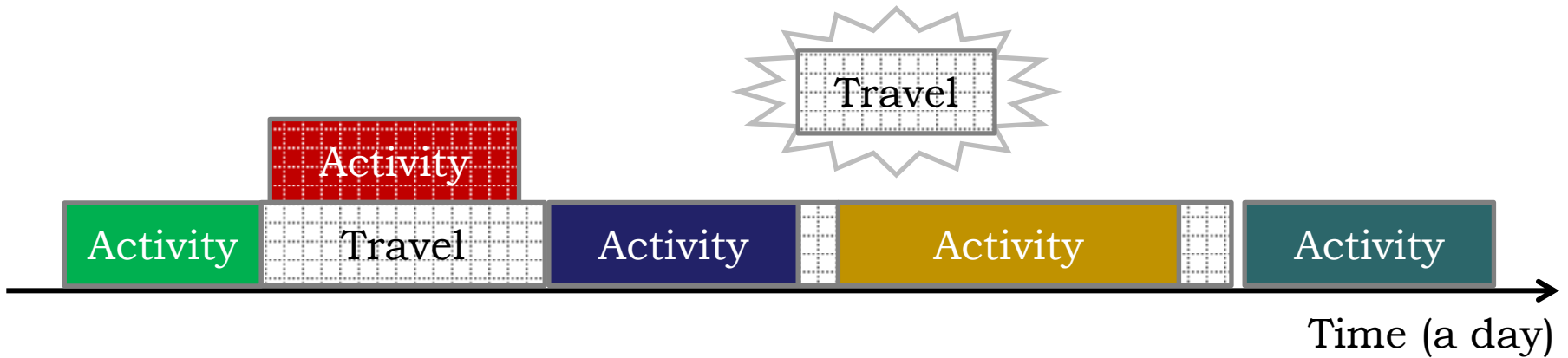


From an individual perspective

Wish-list:

1: Activity

2:

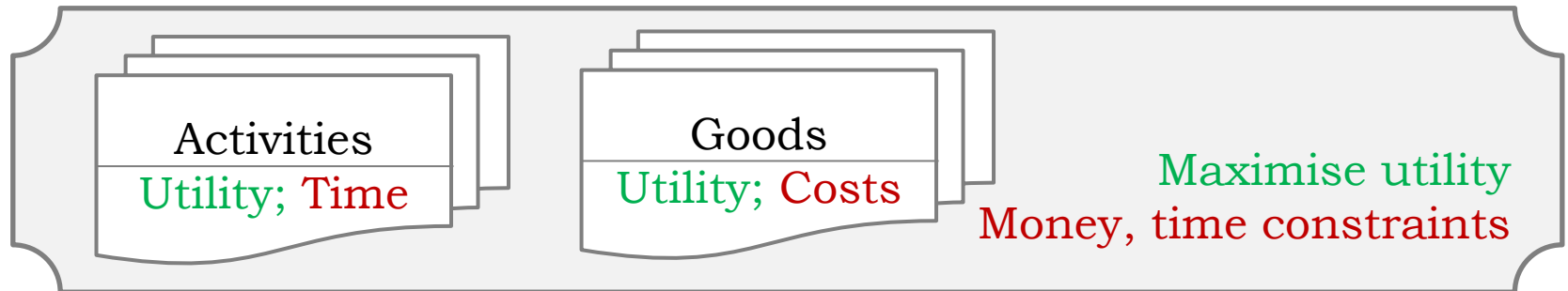


What did we see?

1. 'Transferred' activities to the automated vehicle
2. Freed time for new (or longer) activities
3. New schedule with sometimes more, sometimes less travel

Need to adopt an activity-based, instead of trip-based, perspective.

Time-use theory:



Becker, Gary (1965): A Theory of the Allocation of Time. In *The Economic Journal* 75 (299), pp. 493–517.

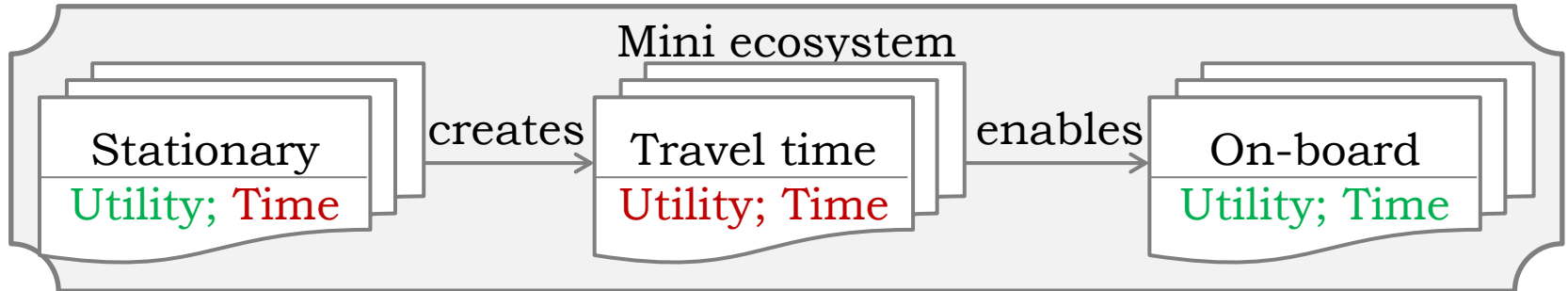
DeSerpa, Allan (1971): A theory of the economics of time. In *The Economic Journal* 81 (324), 828–846.

Evans, Alan W. (1972): On the theory of the valuation and allocation of time. In *Scottish Journal of Political Economy* 19 (1), 1–17.

Our contribution

Modified time-use theory:

Consider activity locations: stationary vs on board

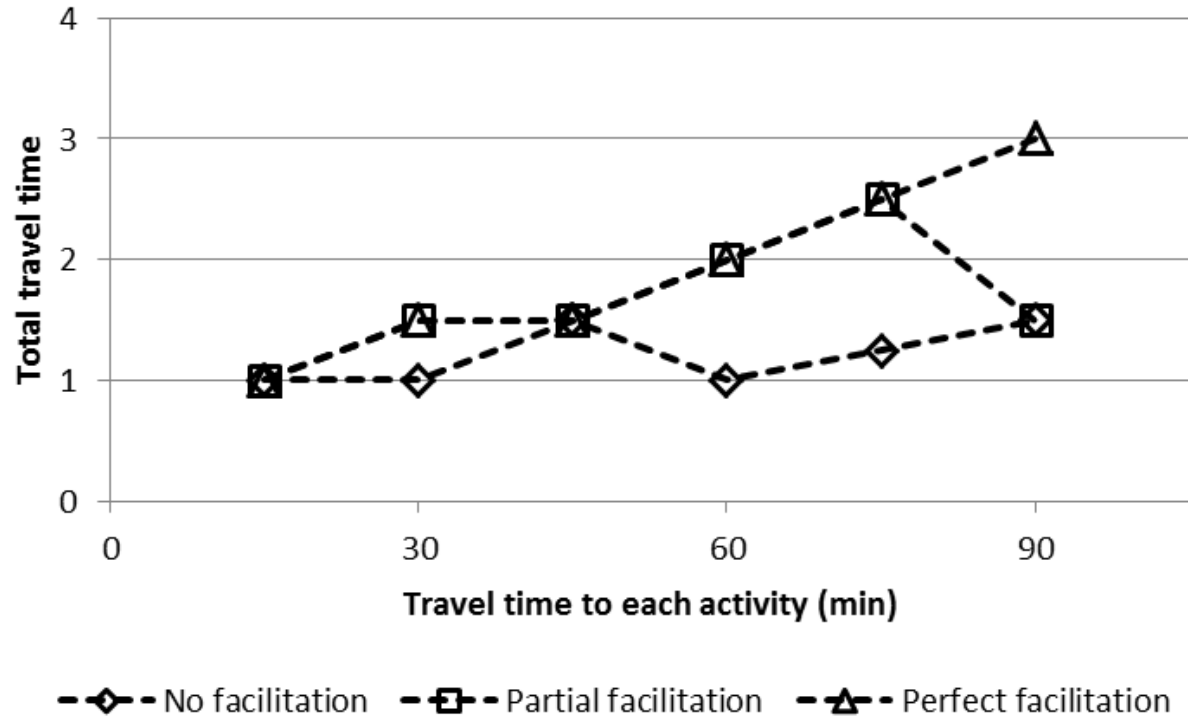
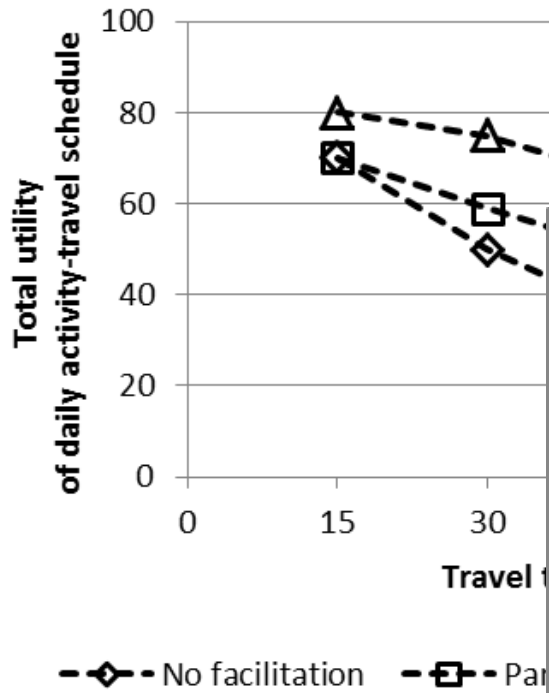


Consider travel modes

The formal model

$\max \sum_{i \in I} \left(y_i^l U_i^l + \sum_{m \in M} (z_i^m V_i^m + y_i^m U_i^m) \right),$		Maximise utility of on-board, stationary activities and travel
$\sum_{i \in I} \left(y_i^l T_i^l + \sum_{m \in M} z_i^m H_i^m \right) \leq T,$		Limit total time of stationary activities and travel to T
$\sum_{i \in I} y_i^m T_i^m \leq \sum_{i \in I} z_i^m H_i^m$	$\forall m \in M,$	Limit time spent in on-board activities to the travel time
$y_i^l + \sum_{m \in M} y_i^m = x_i$	$\forall i \in I,$	Each selected activity is completed (possibly in different locations)
$y_i^l \leq r_i$	$\forall i \in I,$	
$r_i \leq G y_i^l$	$\forall i \in I,$	Each travel is completed (possibly in different modes)
$\sum_{m \in M} z_i^m = r_i$	$\forall i \in I,$	

Simulate various scenarios



Current work

1. Focus groups on ‘impact of automated vehicles on daily activities’ –
validate the model and generate new insights
2. Deterministic formal model → stochastic model
and a compatible data collection instrument



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Thank you!

