





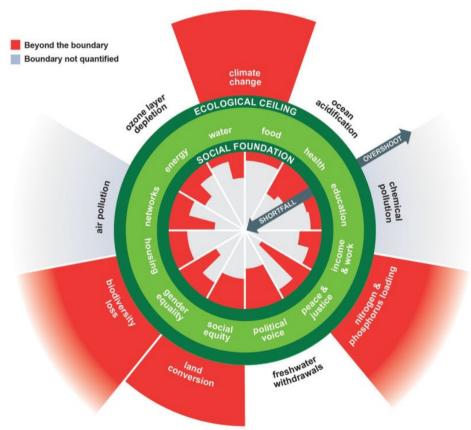
The Commonland Case Financing Landscape Restoration in Spain



RSM - a force for positive change



Planetary & Social Boundaries: Doughnut Economics (Kate Raworth)





Approximately one-fourth of the world's land mass is seriously degraded from centuries of land degradation processes leading to a reduction of land's capacity to provide ecosystem services

Land conversion

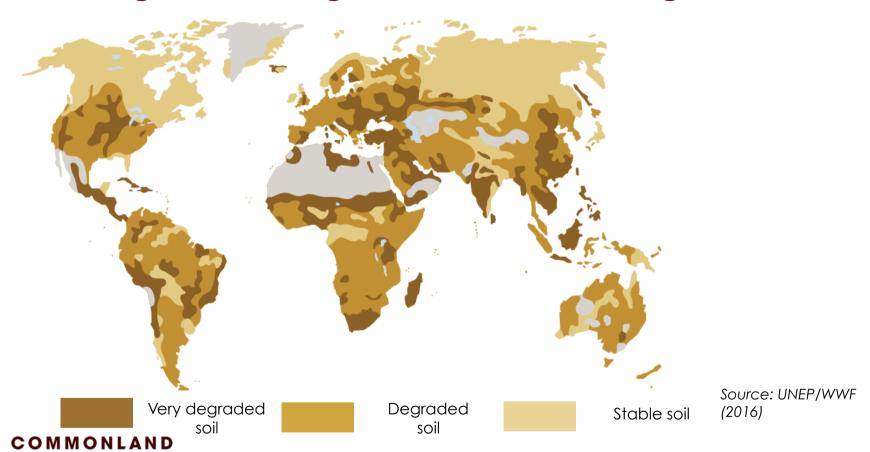
monocultures

overgrazing (urban) infrastructure
overexploitation

deforestation



Land Degradation: a grand societal challenge





Land Degradation Neutrality: Avoid, Reduce, Reverse





Source: IASS, 2015

Need & Potential for Landscape Restoration



- 2 billion hectares of severely degraded land are suitable for restoration
- 1.5 billion hectares are suited for mosaic landscape restoration, in which forests and trees are combined with other land uses, including agroforestry
- huge opportunities for ecosystems & communities, business & societies







Needed: 350 Billion \$/year

Pledged: 51 Billion \$/year

Global Funding for Conservation and Restoration





Game-changers to create a landscape restoration movement

The goal is to to bring landscape restoration to scale by:

- initiating transformative (public-private-civic) landscape restoration partnerships
- collaborating with communities, land owners, land managers, farmers, researchers, entrepreneurs, investors and governments
- linking and unifying their interests, sharing risks, resources, responsibilities and rewards to reach combined goals
- creating multiple values through implementing sustainable business models and setting up new enterprises
- delivering 4 returns on investment: return of inspiration and returns of social capital, natural capital, and financial capital
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e0oJtuljYRo&t=11s





Giving people hope and a sense of purpose



Bringing back jobs, business activity, education and security



Restoring biodiversity, soil and water quality



RETURN OF FINANCIAL CAPITAL

Realizing long-term sustainable profit



NATURAL ZONE

Designed for restoring the ecological foundation and biodiversity



COMBINED ZONE

Designed for restoring the topsoil and delivering low and sustainable economic productivity **ECONOMIC ZONE**

Designed for delivering high and sustainable economic productivity



A long-term approach is important as it takes approximately 20 years – or one generation – to restore a landscape



Building a track record













COMMONLAND IS DEVELOPING PARTNERSHIPS & PROOF OF CONCEPT WITH LOCAL TEAMS ON THE GROUND IN wij-land FOUR COUNTRIES:

BAVIAANSKLOOF S-AFRICA (550K HA) WHEATBELT (300K HA)
WESTERN AUSTRALIE

ALTIPLANO SPAIN (1M HA) PEAT MEAWOWS NEDERLAND (125K HA)

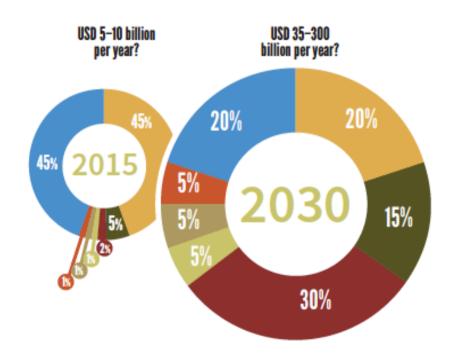


AND STARTED WORKING WITH OTHERS IN ZAMBIA, KENYA, TANZANIA, EGYPT, CONGO, HAITI AND COLOMBIA



Distribution of current and future FLR investment: a rough estimate

- Traditional investors
- Corporate social responsibility
- Non-governmental funding
- Crowdfunding
- Development cooperation (technical assistance and financial cooperation) and climate finance
- Private equity impact funds
- National environmental funds and State budgets



How to get from niche to norm?

Increase, diversify & mainstream finance for landscapes based on value creation (4 returns)



Landscape Restoration as an investment opportunity

- <u>Time</u>. Usual time frame of return on investment is 3-10 years while restoration requires long-term perspective
- <u>Size</u>. Many restoration projects are too small in size to attract private/ institutional finance: bundle and aggregate projects
- <u>Risk</u>. Restoration is considered to be a risky investment: mitigate risks with public finance; de-risk, first loss, guarantee
- <u>Catalyst</u>. Private & Institutional investors are unlikely to be the first ones to commit: foundations & impact investors
- <u>Creativity</u>. Blended finance to build a portfolio of investable projects: incentives for integrated investments based on integrated value with inclusive cost & benefit analyses, cost of inaction (diversification & synergies of investment portfolio)



About

Project development and financing









We mobilize investment into 4 returns business cases and restoration projects in the economic & combined zones

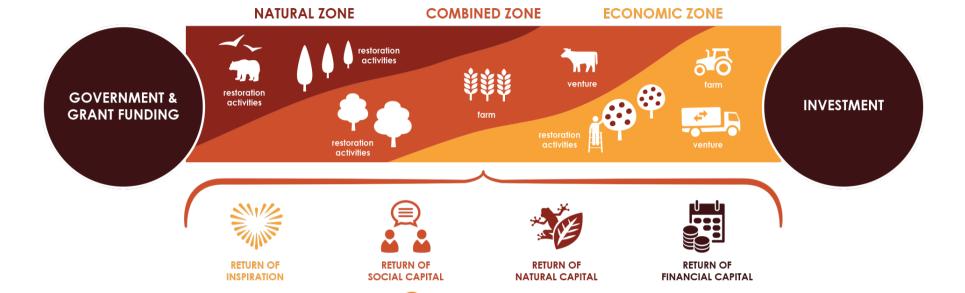


2

We channel government and grant funding to restoration projects in the natural and combined zones



We mobilize investment into 4 returns business cases and restoration projects in the economic and combined zones



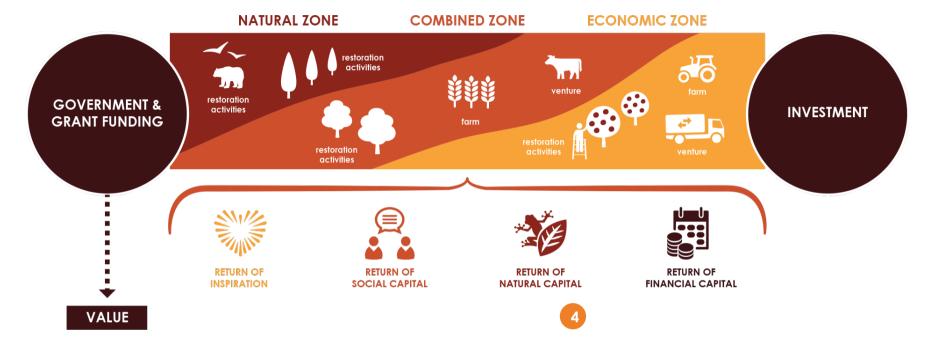


We mobilize investment into 4 returns business cases and restoration projects in the combined zone.

2

We channel government and grant funding to restoration projects in the natural and combined zone.

The impact of the investments in all three zones is reflected in 4 returns to the landscape





We mobilize investment into 4 returns business cases and restoration projects in the combined zone.

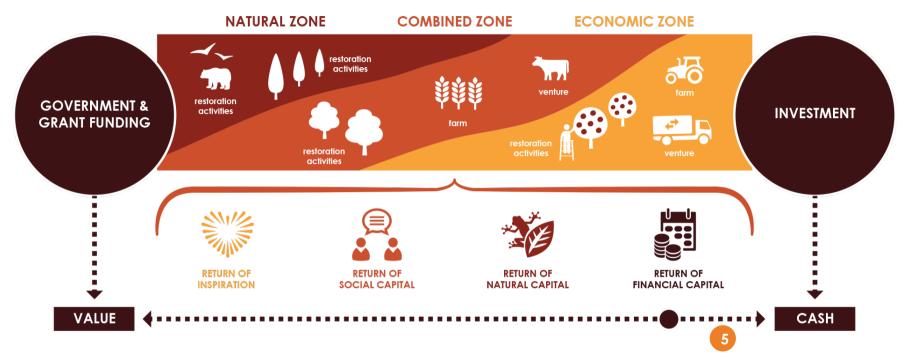
2

We channel government and grant funding to restoration projects in the natural and combined zone.



The impact of the projects in all three zones is reflected in 4 returns to the landscape and community.

The restored landscape increases "the value of the land"





We mobilize investment into 4 returns business cases and restoration projects in the combined zone.

2

We channel government and grant funding to restoration projects in the natural and combined zone.

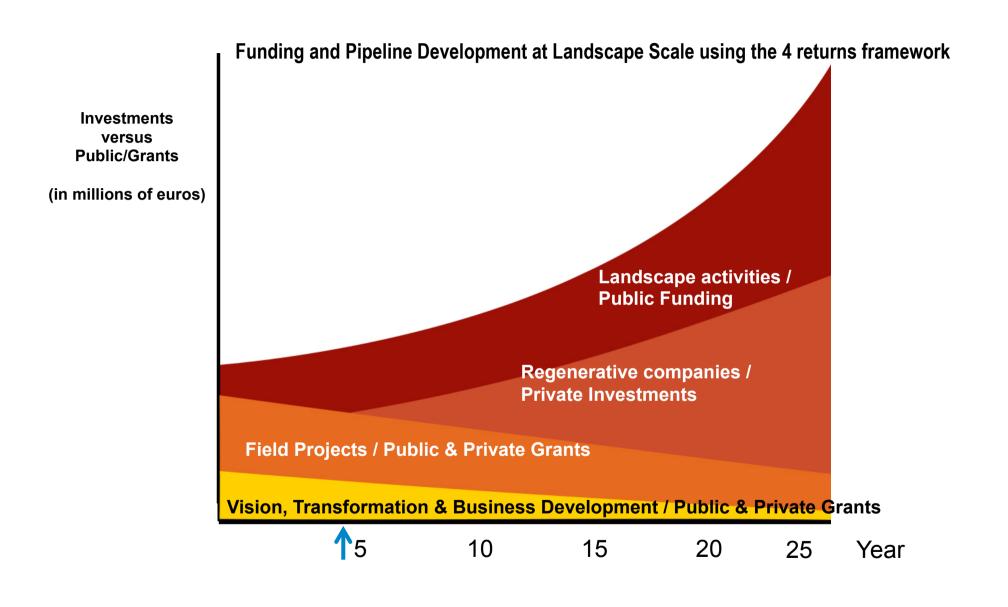


The impact of the projects in all three zones is reflected in 4 returns to the landscape and community.



The restored landscape increases the value of the land.

Increased value and business activities bring cash flow into the region





Spain: Altiplano

- Semi-arid steppe
- 120,000 people
- 250,000 ha almonds
- Land degradation: Overgrazing,
 Deforestation & Monocultures, Erosion
- Rainfall goes down (300mm to 200mm)
- Rural Abandonment & Unemployment



LOS VÉLEZ

Spain

1.000.000 ha















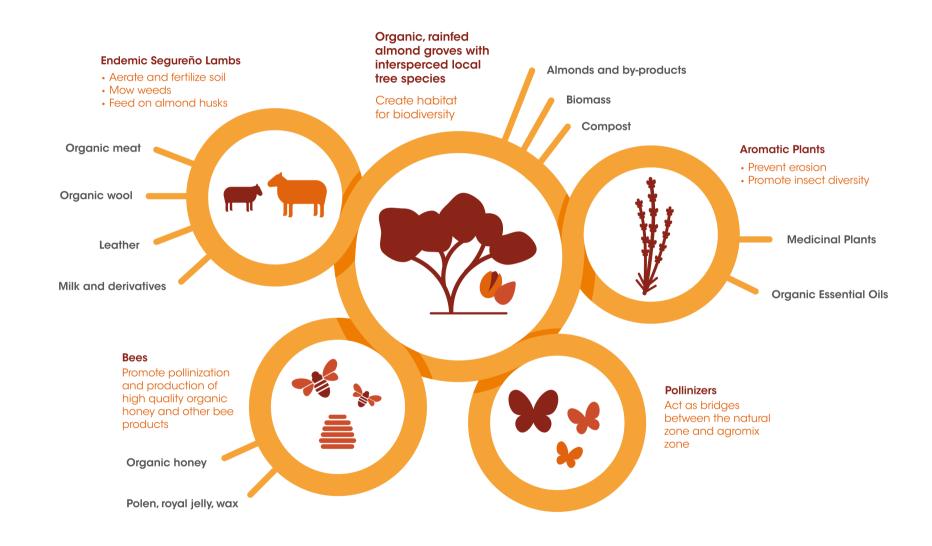












Project AlVelAl

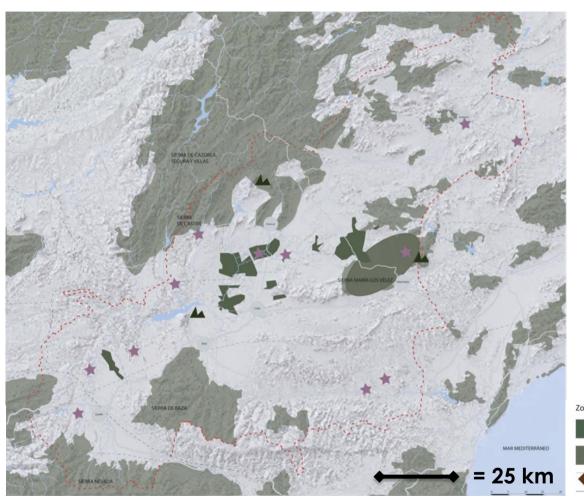
The Almendrehesa concept for integrated and regenerative farming

The combination of diversification and increased productivity leads to:

- Improved farmer income
- Increased land value
- Reduced risk of previous ranching practices
- Improved soil quality & Decreased erosion
- Restored water balance

- Enhanced biodiversity
- Beautified landscape
- Growth of local economy (jobs)
- Local pride and inspiration
- 4 returns

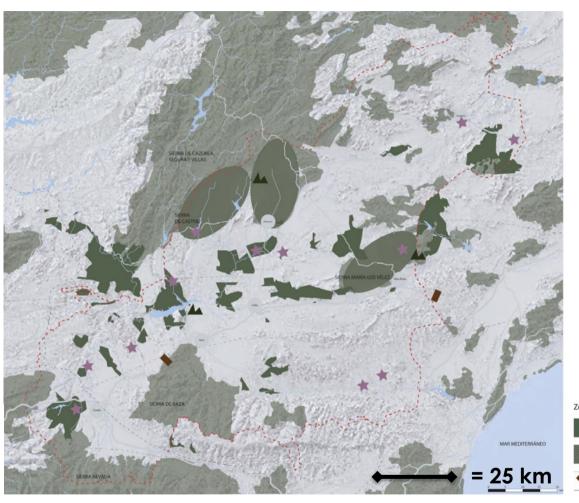




Natural zone: 5 years

Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha





Natural zone: 10 years

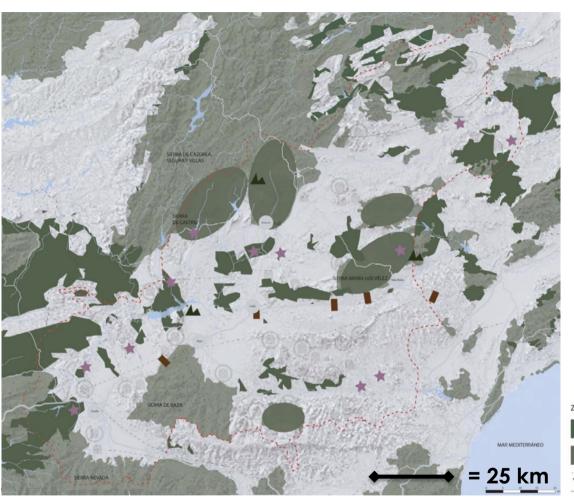
Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha

Zona natural

nueva área natural

área natural restaurada

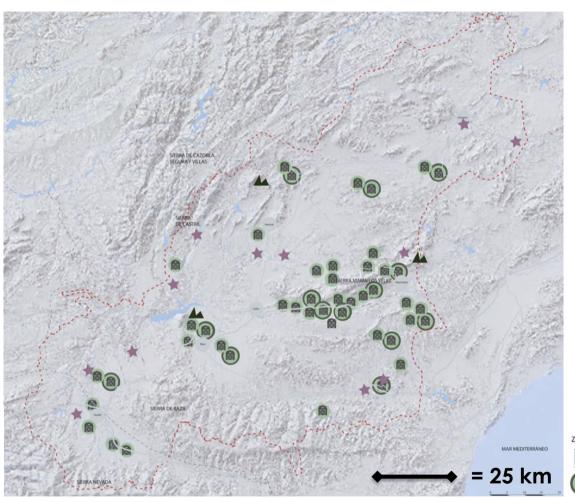
nuevo paso de la fauna



Natural zone: 20 years

Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha

Zona natural
nueva área natural
área natural restaurada
nuevo paso de la fauna

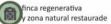


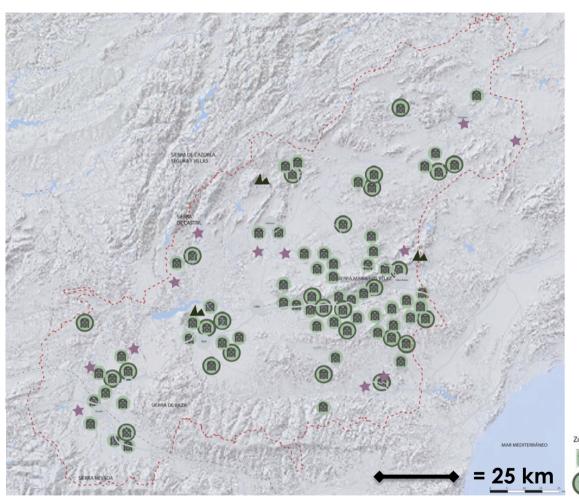
Combined zone: 5 years

Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha

Zona mixed





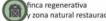


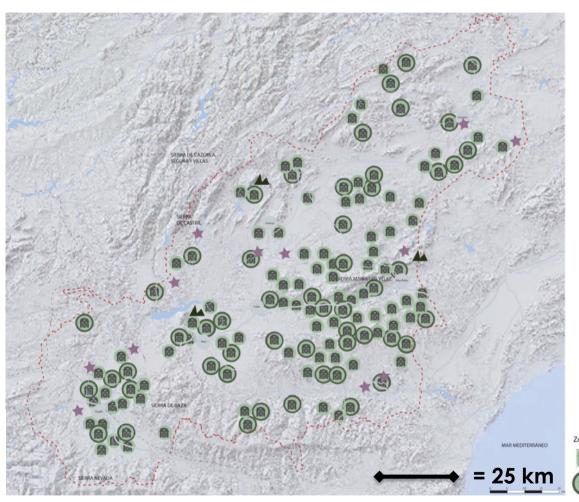
Combined zone: 10 years

Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha

Zona mixed





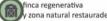


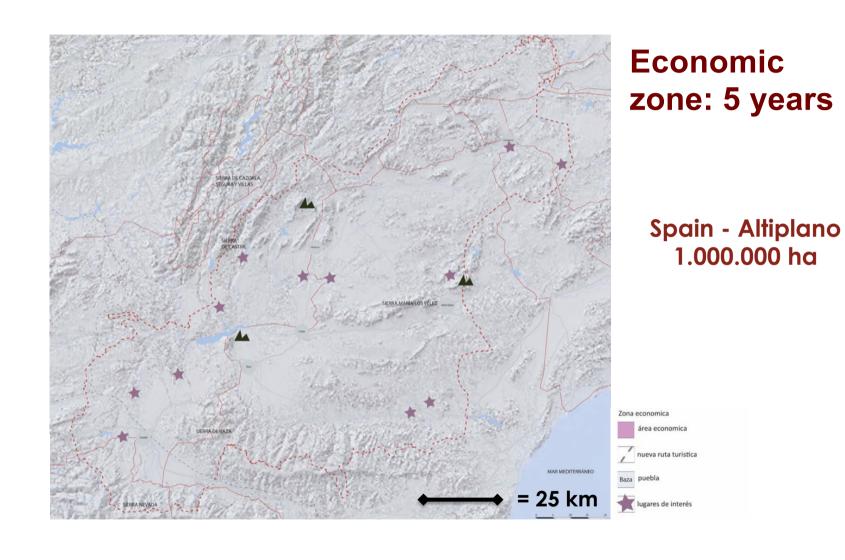
Combined zone: 20 years

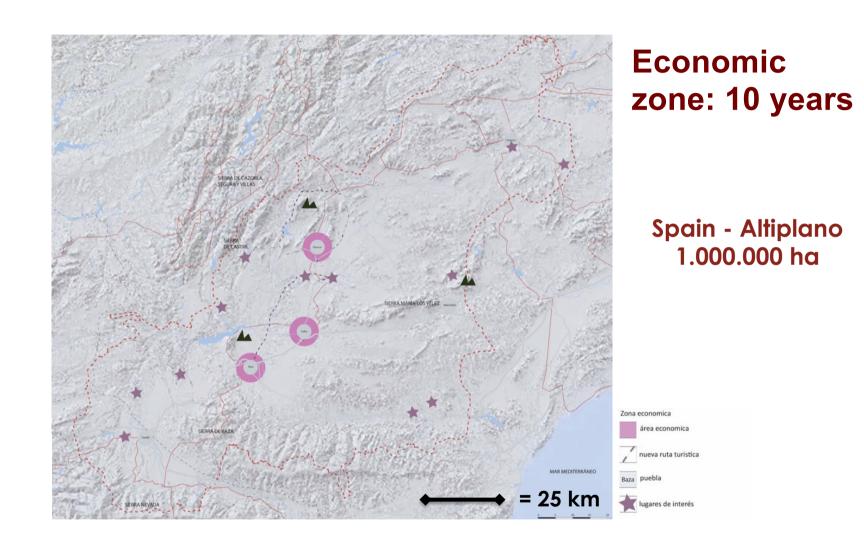
Spain - Altiplano 1.000.000 ha

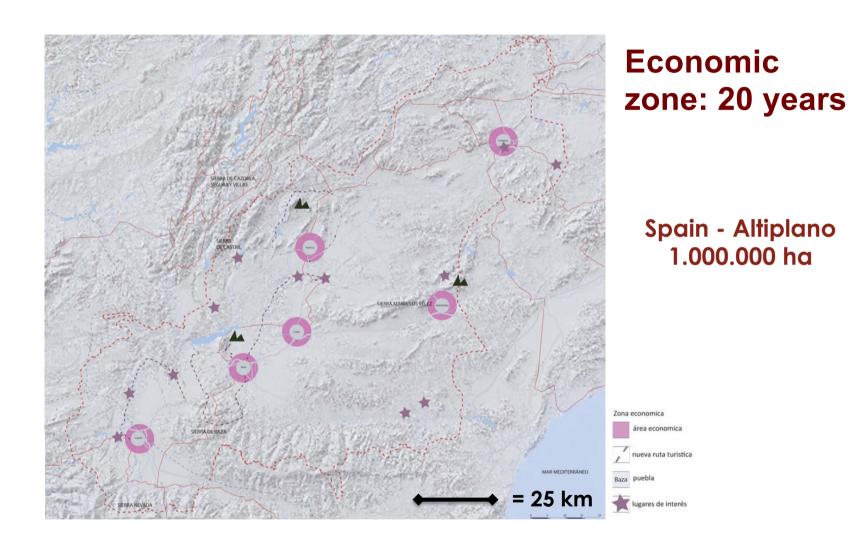
Zona mixed













Landscapes:

Challenge: From restoration-ready, to investor-ready





- identify and select landscape
- activate local networks
- •design 4 returns landscape with farmers and land users

1m euro for 2 years

100k euro for 1 year

II Launch

- develop masterplan + set indicators
- knowledge exchange and inspiration
- pilot 4 returns business cases and restoration on local level

5m euro for 2 years

III Learn & spin-off

- •analyze results + fine-tune 4R-3Z-20Y approach
- implement 4 return business cases in surrounding areas
- •secure funding

1-2 bn euro for 20 years

IV Scale

•roll out 4R-3Z-20Y approach to regional level









The Commonland Case Financing Landscape Restoration in Spain



RSM - a force for positive change

