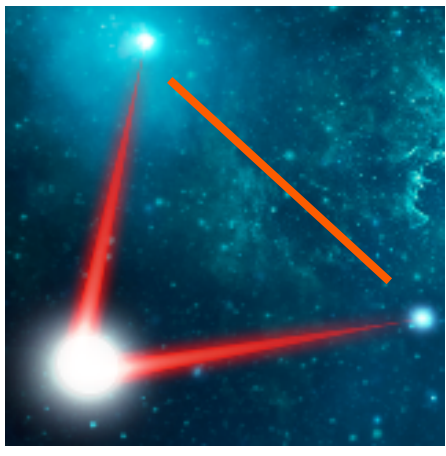




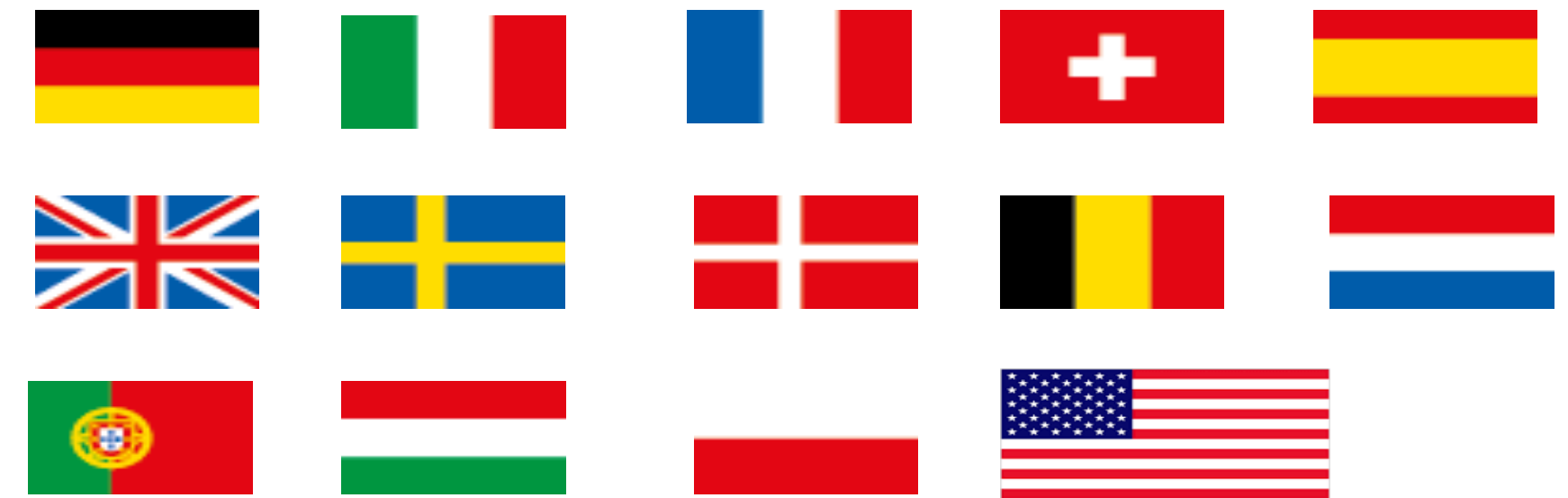
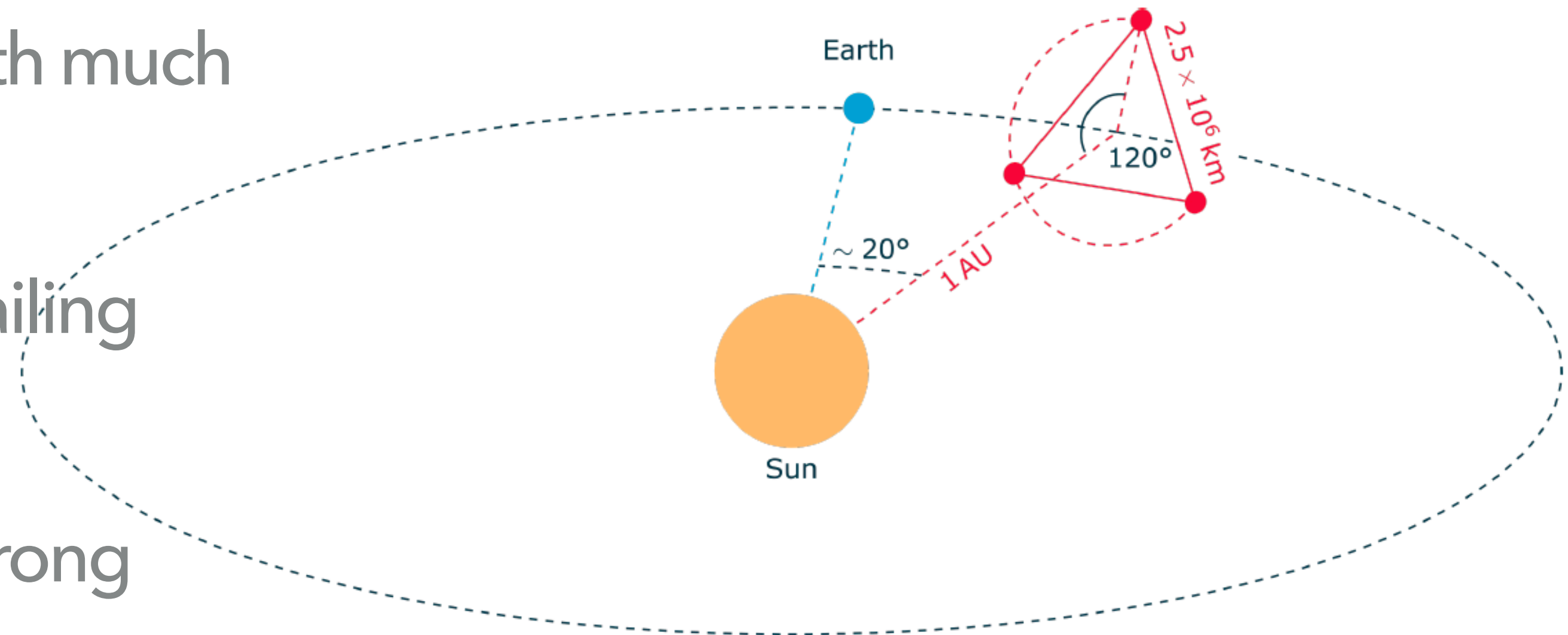
LASER INTERFEROMETER SPACE ANTENNA

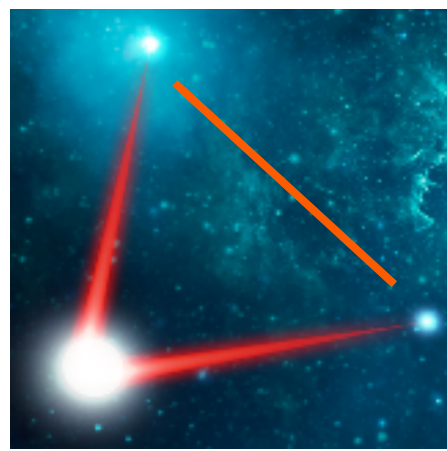
LISA DATA PROCESSING



The LISA mission

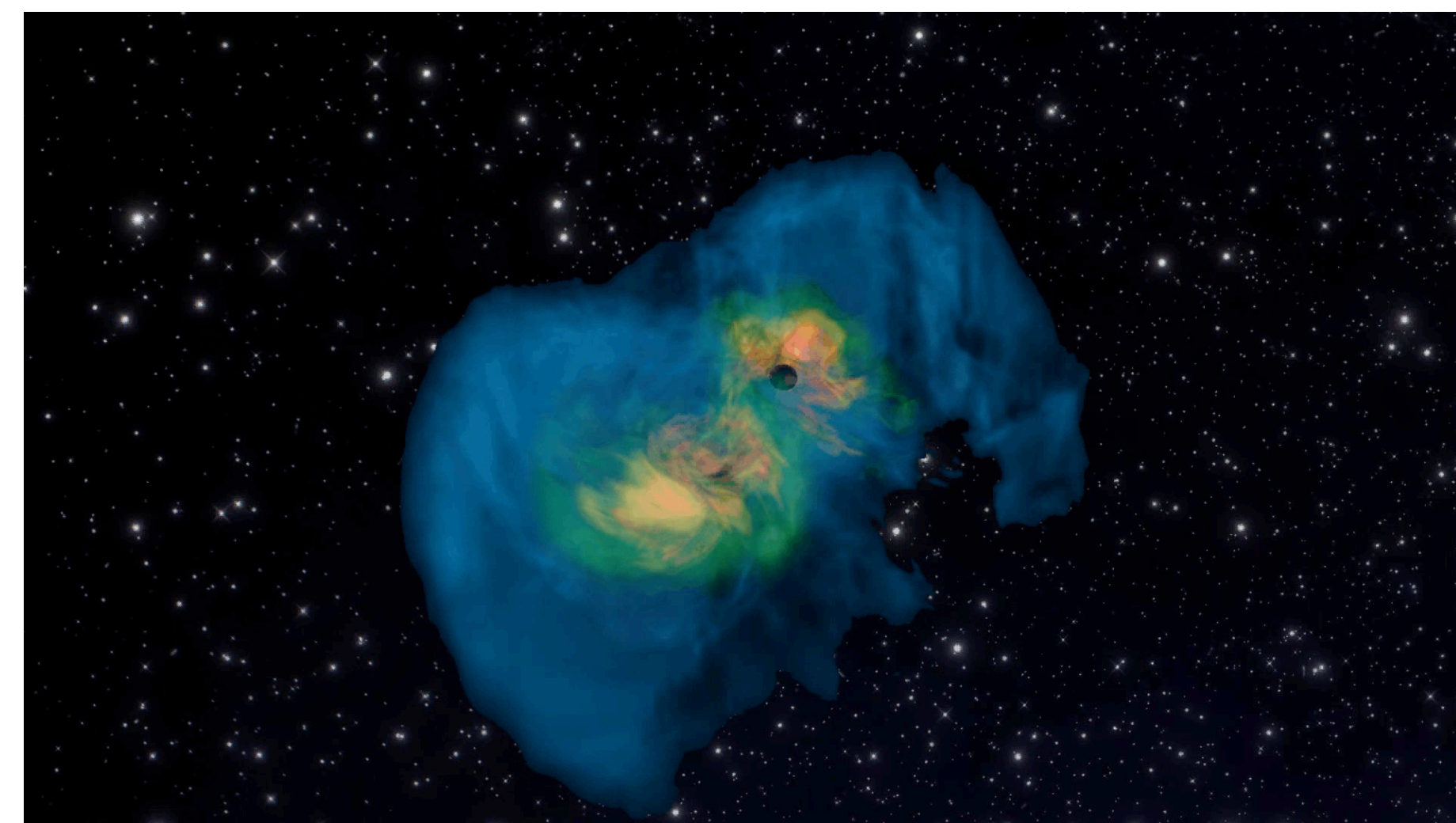
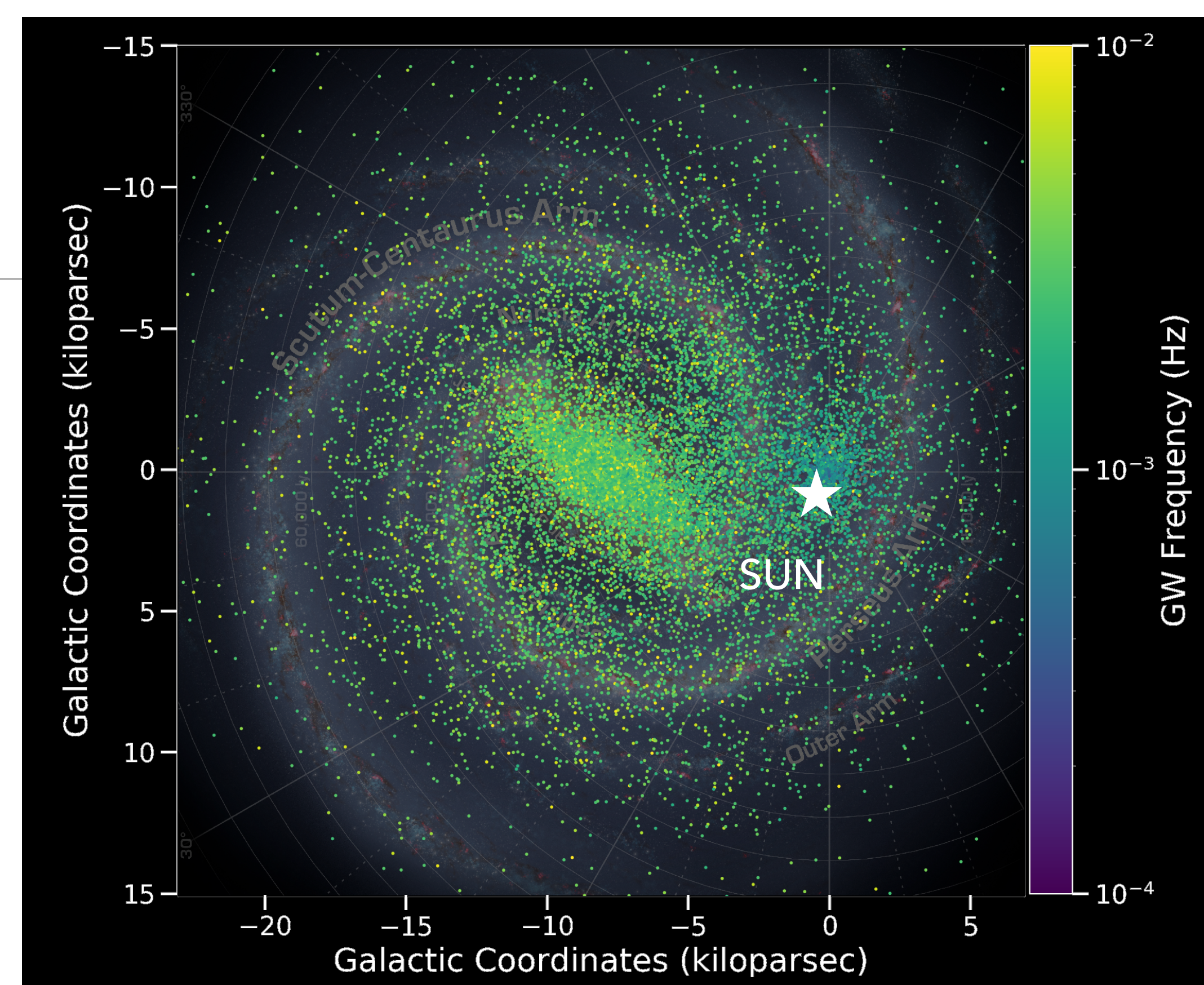
- ▶ Mission to detect Gravitational Waves with much lower frequency than LIGO/Virgo
- ▶ Three satellites in triangular formation, trailing Earth
- ▶ ESA lead, member state contributions, strong link with NASA
- ▶ Budget: ~2.6B€ (ESA: 1.5B€, NASA: ~600M€, Member states: ~500M€)
- ▶ Sensitive in mHz regime
- ▶ Launch in mid-2030s

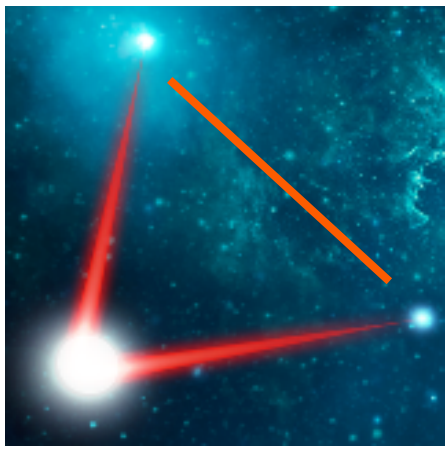




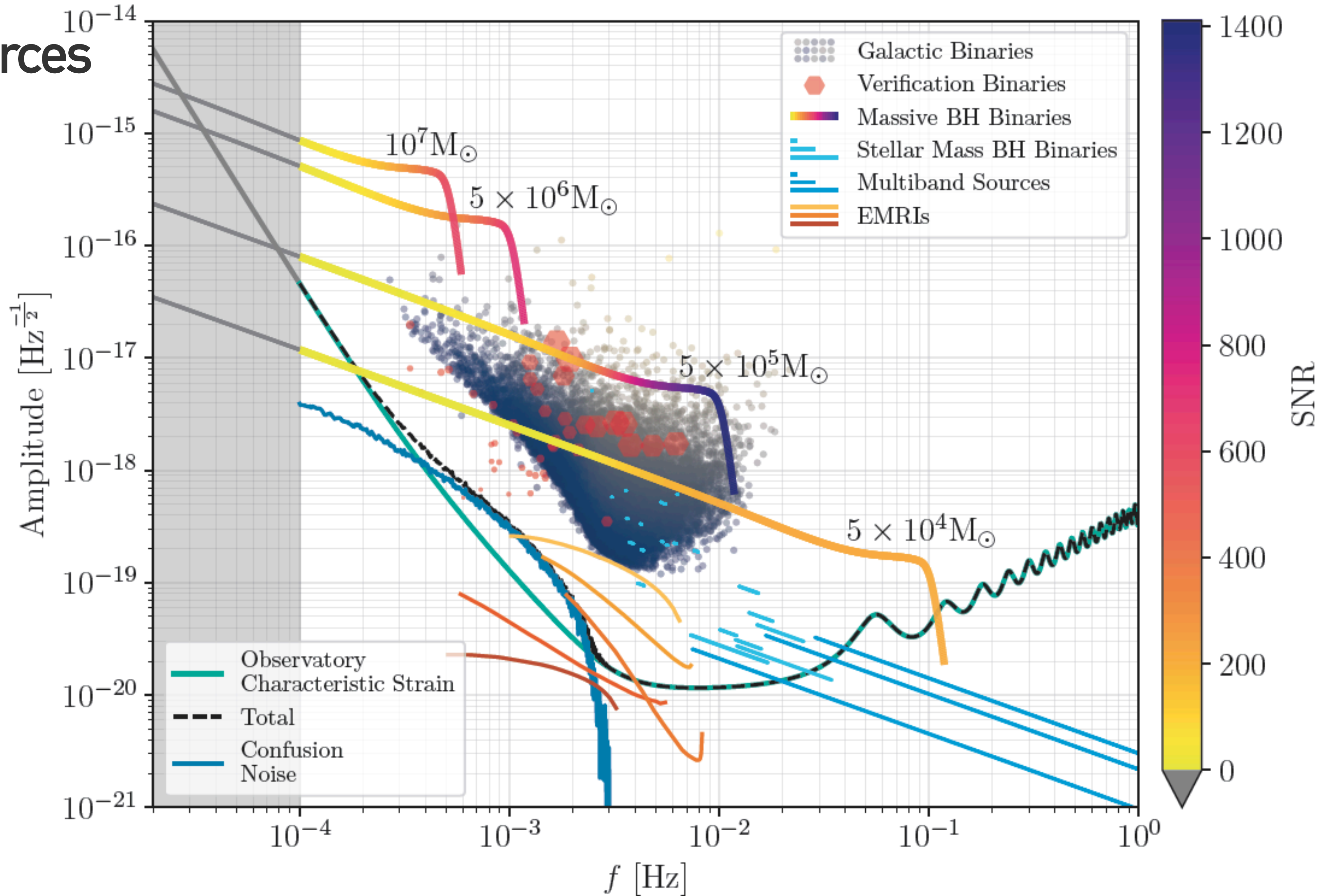
LISA science

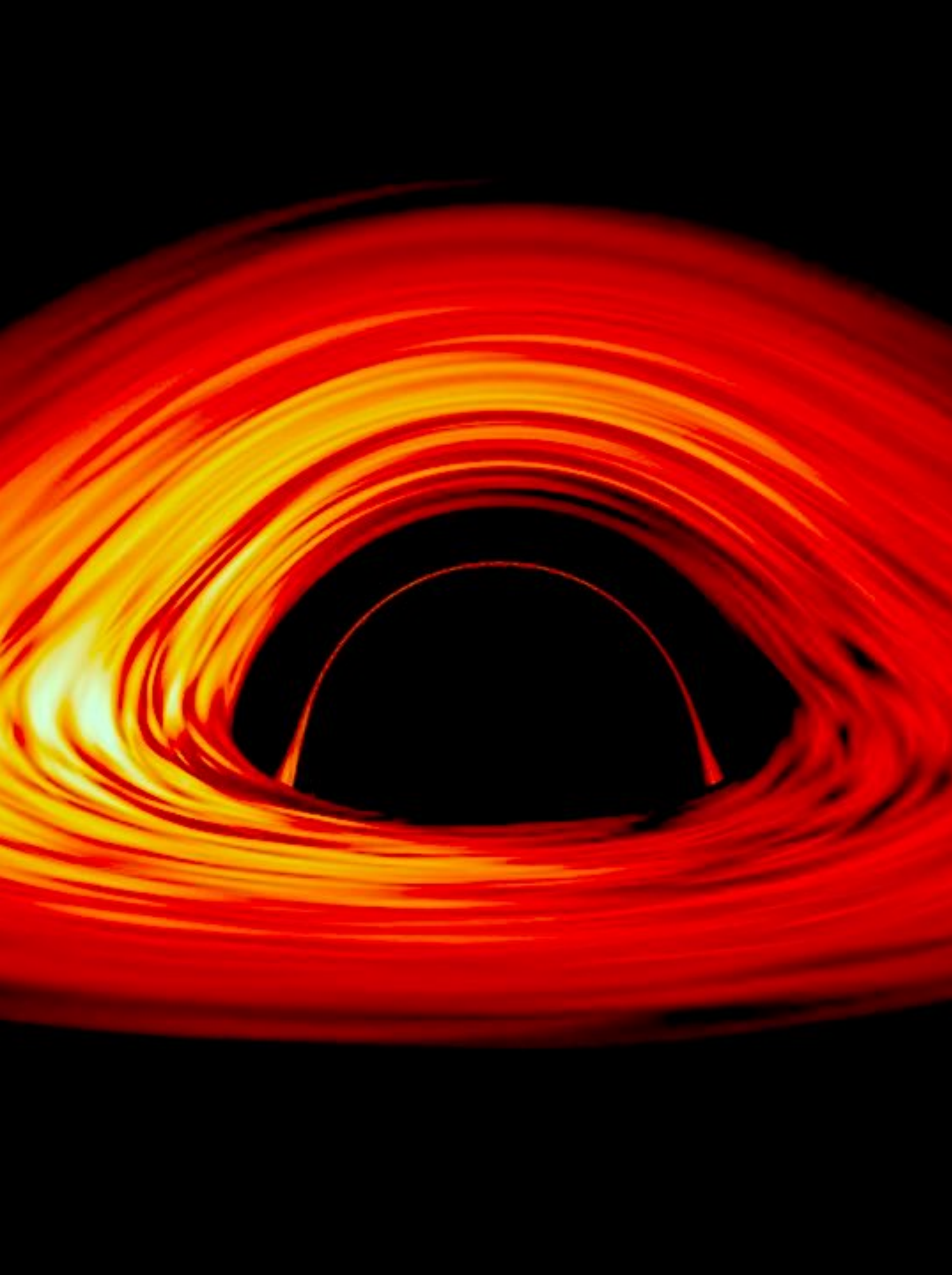
- ▶ Massive black holes ($10^5 - 10^7 M_{\odot}$)
 - Their origin and growth
 - Merger physics, Electromagnetic counterparts
- Binary evolution & Milky Way structure
 - White dwarfs, neutron stars and black holes
 - Statistics and 3D positions
- Fundamental physics and testing GR
 - Black Hole physics
 - Gravitational wave properties
- Cosmology & Early Universe
 - Measure expansion
 - Signals from inflation, phase transitions, primordial black holes





Sources

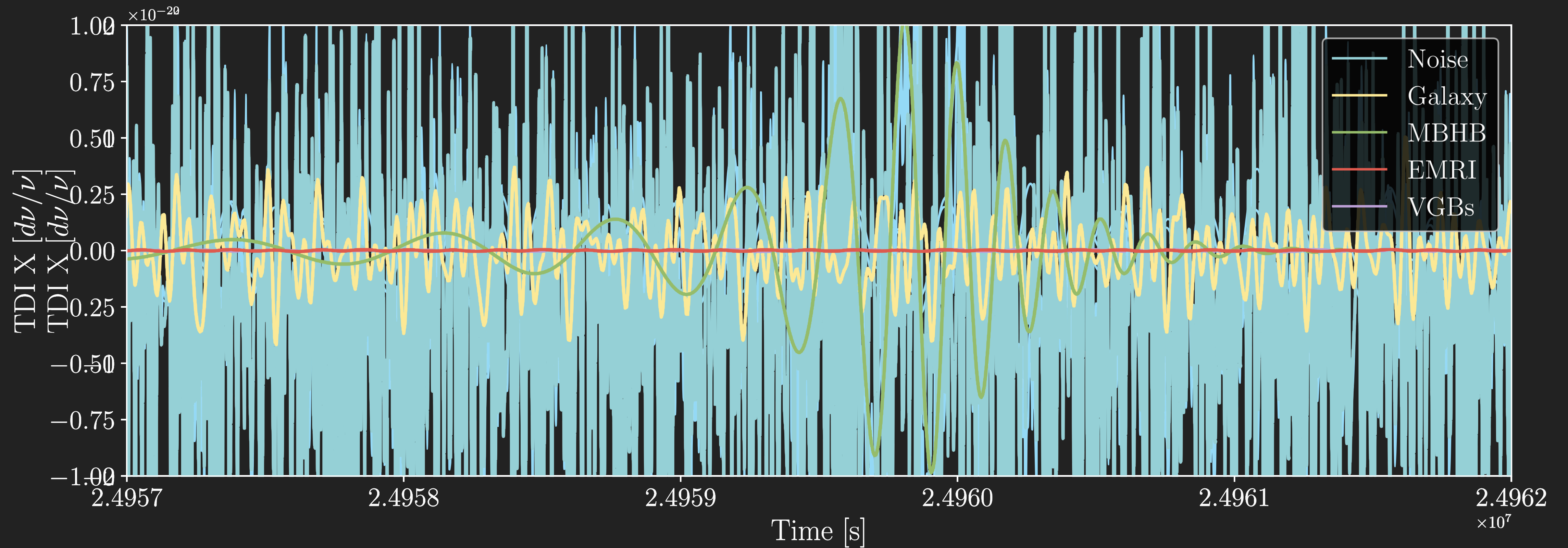




LISA

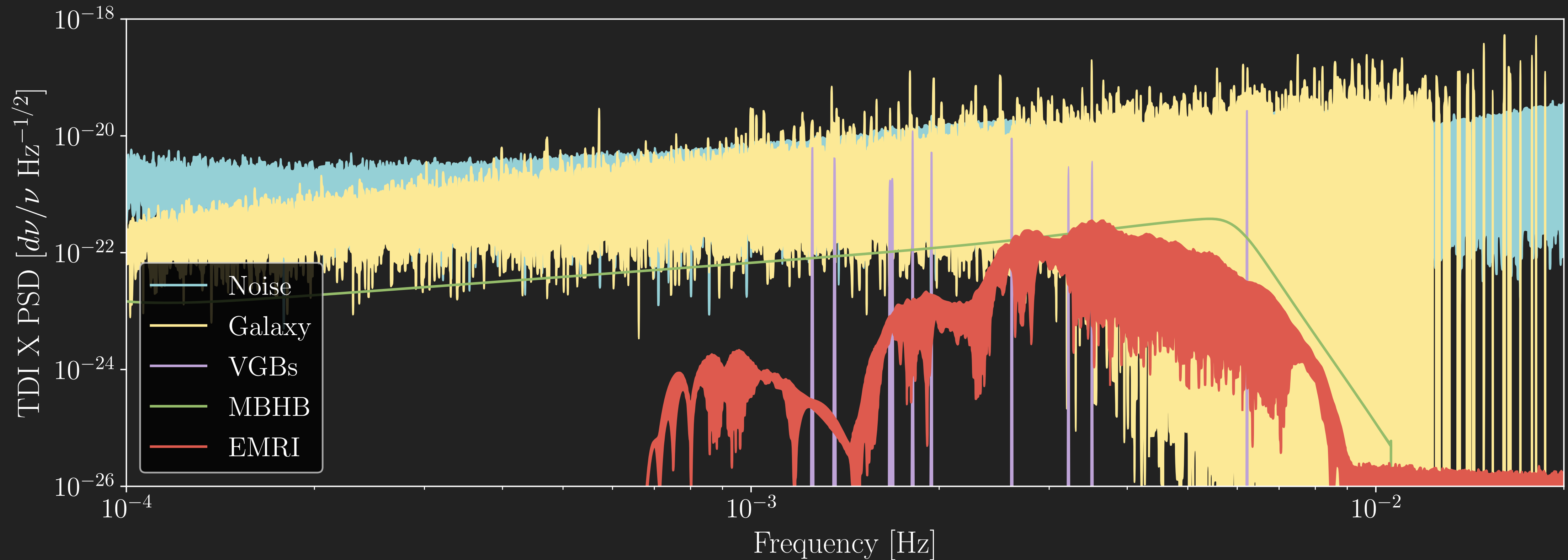
CHALLENGES

LISA DATA: MANY SIGNALS



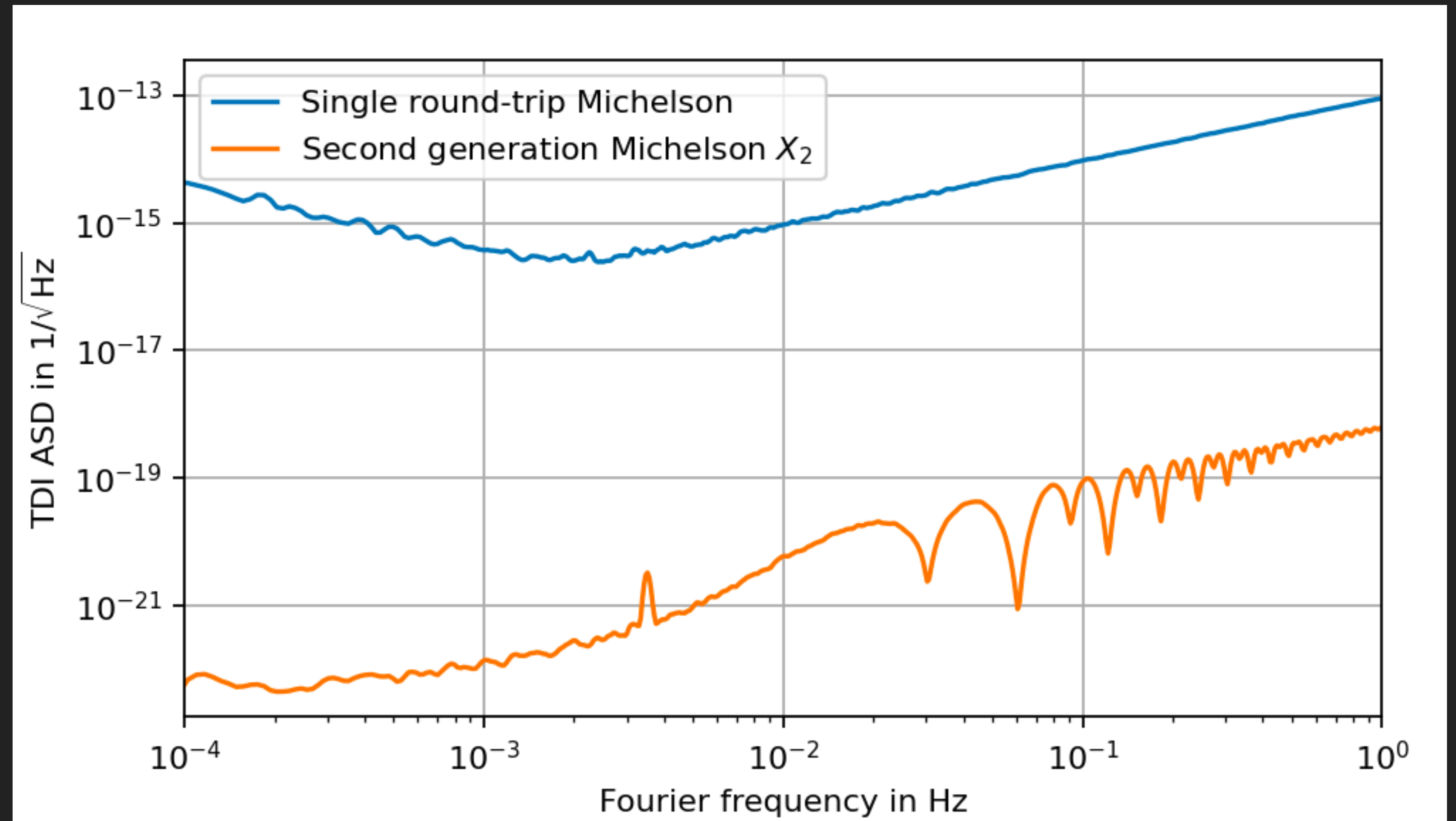
Verification GBs + EMRI + MBHB + Galaxy + Noise

LISA DATA: MANY SIGNALS



Verification GBs + EMRI + MBHB + Galaxy + Noise

SIGNALS BURIED IN LASER NOISE



TIME DELAY INTERFEROMETRY

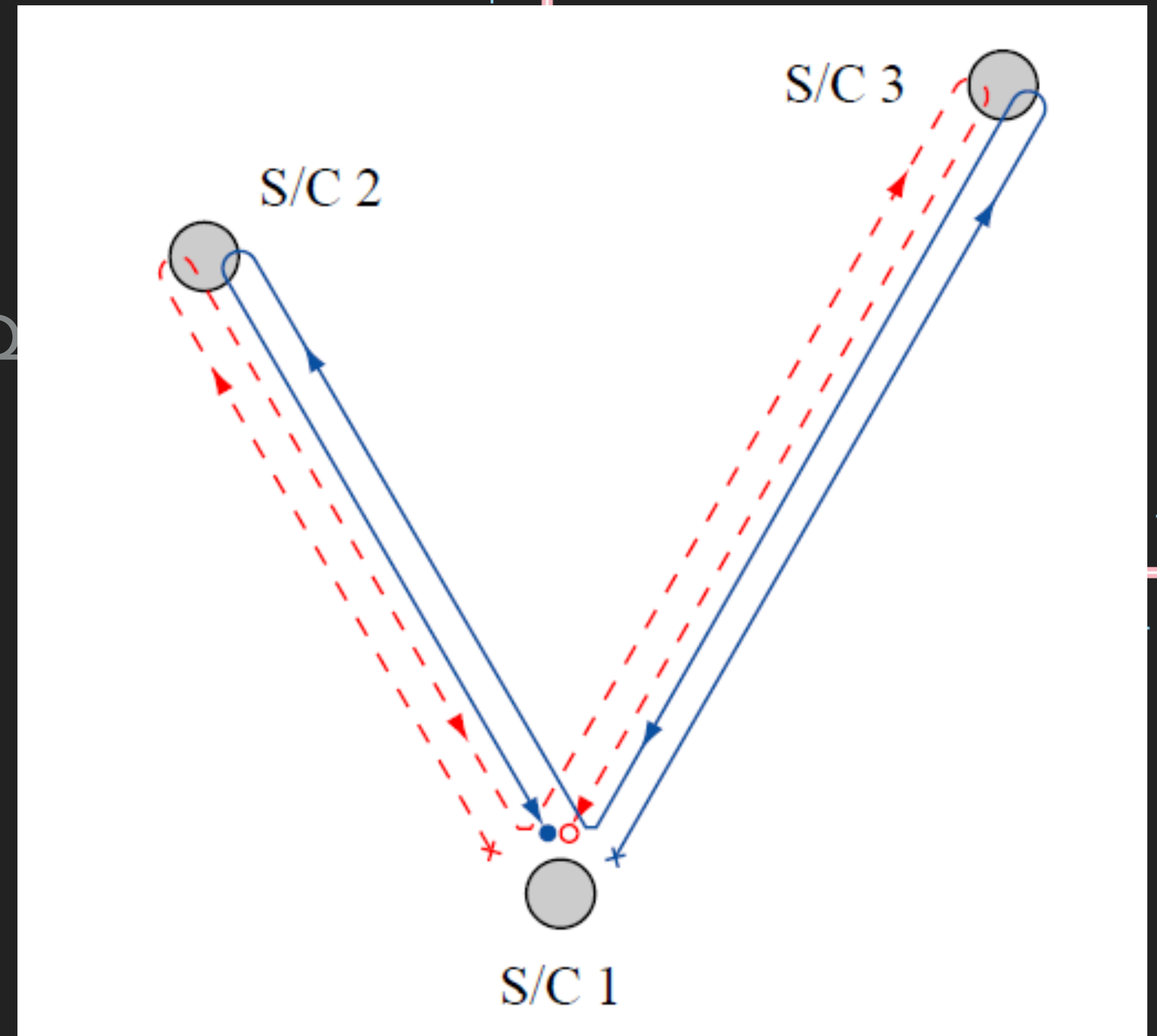
Why?

- ▶ Laser Noise: 10^{-13}
- ▶ Gravitational Waves: 10^{-20}

Solution:

- ▶ Record data for each arm individually
- ▶ Delay and combine in post-processing
- ➔ Laser noise cancels out

EQ



WAVEFORMS CRUCIAL

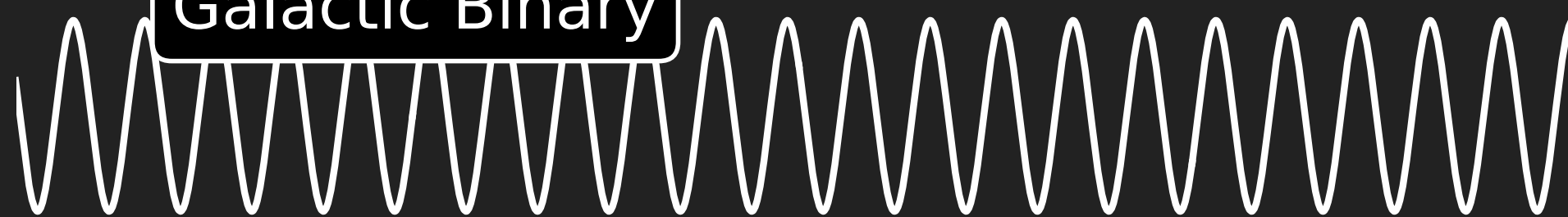
Massive BH Binary Merger



Extreme Mass-Ratio Inspiral



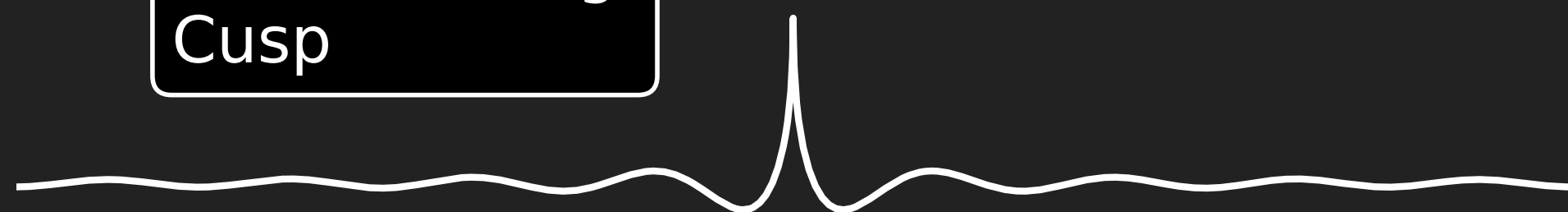
Galactic Binary



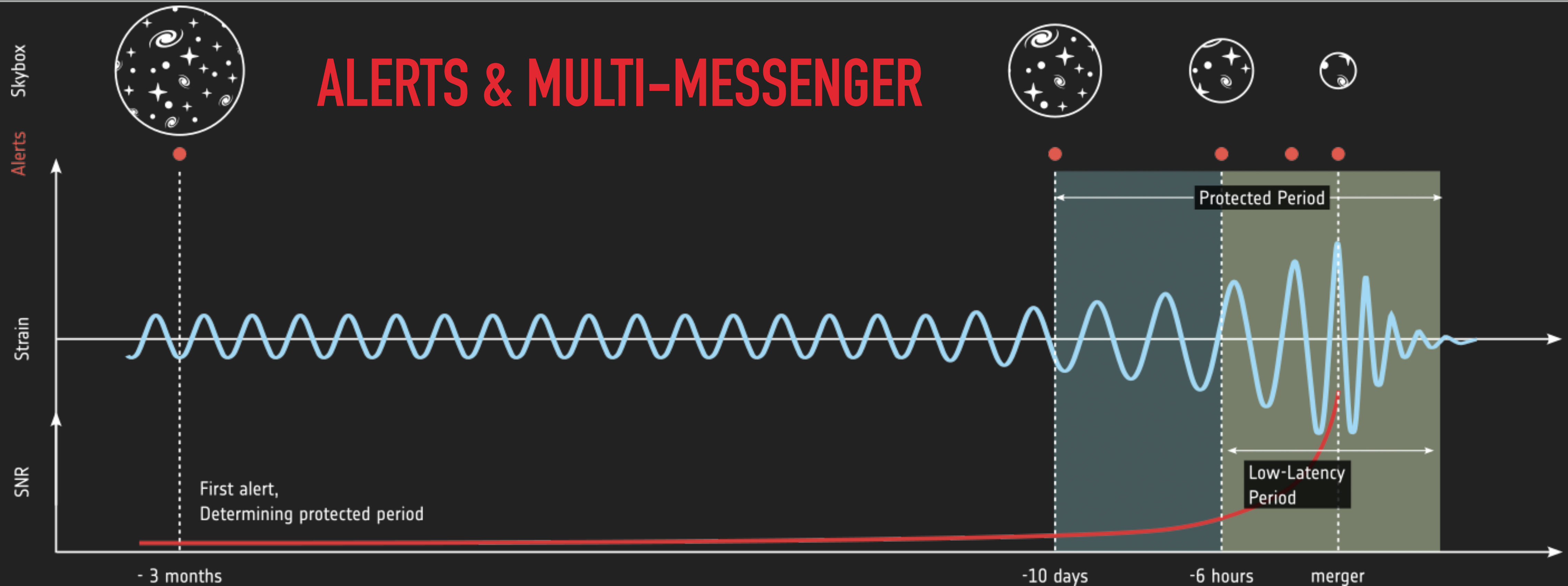
Stochastic GW Background



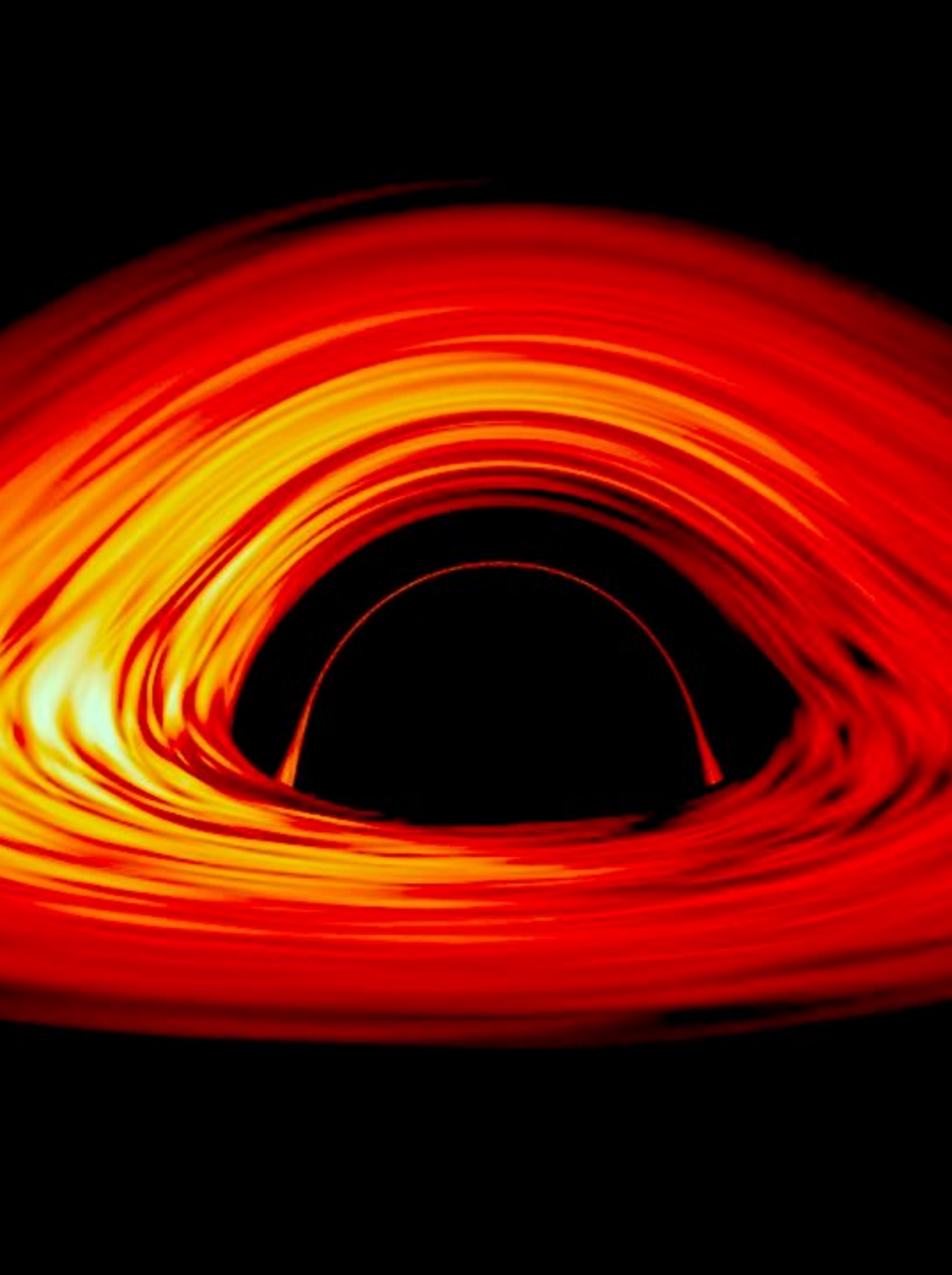
Cosmic String Cusp



- ▶ Needed for Global Fit
- ▶ Status: good understanding, some serious development needed (EMRIs, IMRIs)
- ▶ Coordinated effort (Distributed Data Processing Center - DDPC, Consortium) to complete waveform models
- ▶ Different aspects
 - Accuracy for strong sources
 - Speed for discovery and low-latency searches



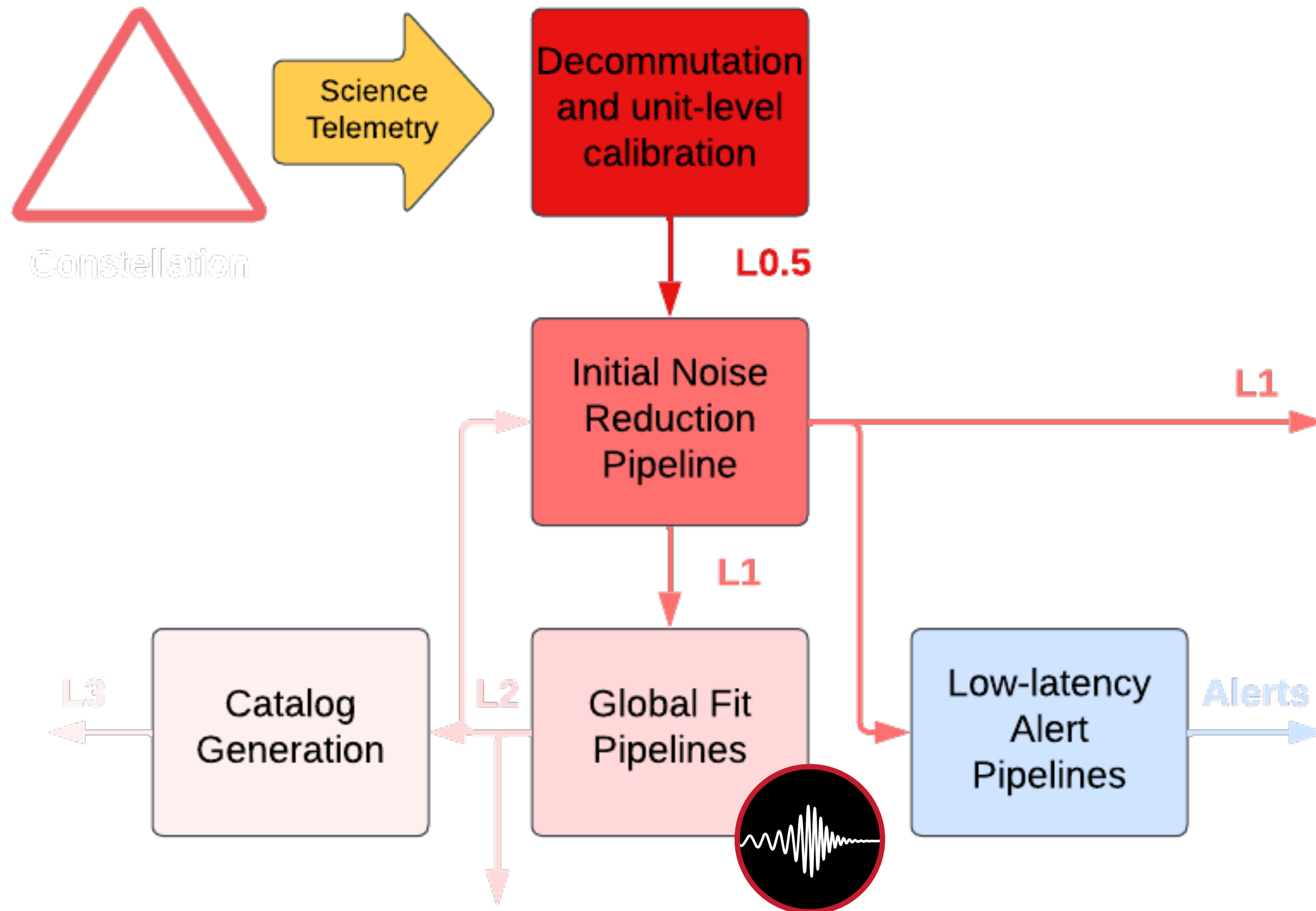
- ▶ Several low-latency alert pipelines
 - Alerts for new sources
 - Updates on known transients
- ▶ Realtime in 8/24 h of data exchange
- ▶ Protected periods
- ▶ Multi-messenger will be done "online" with alerts but also "offline" for long lived sources (Galactic binaries, Stellar BH)



LISA

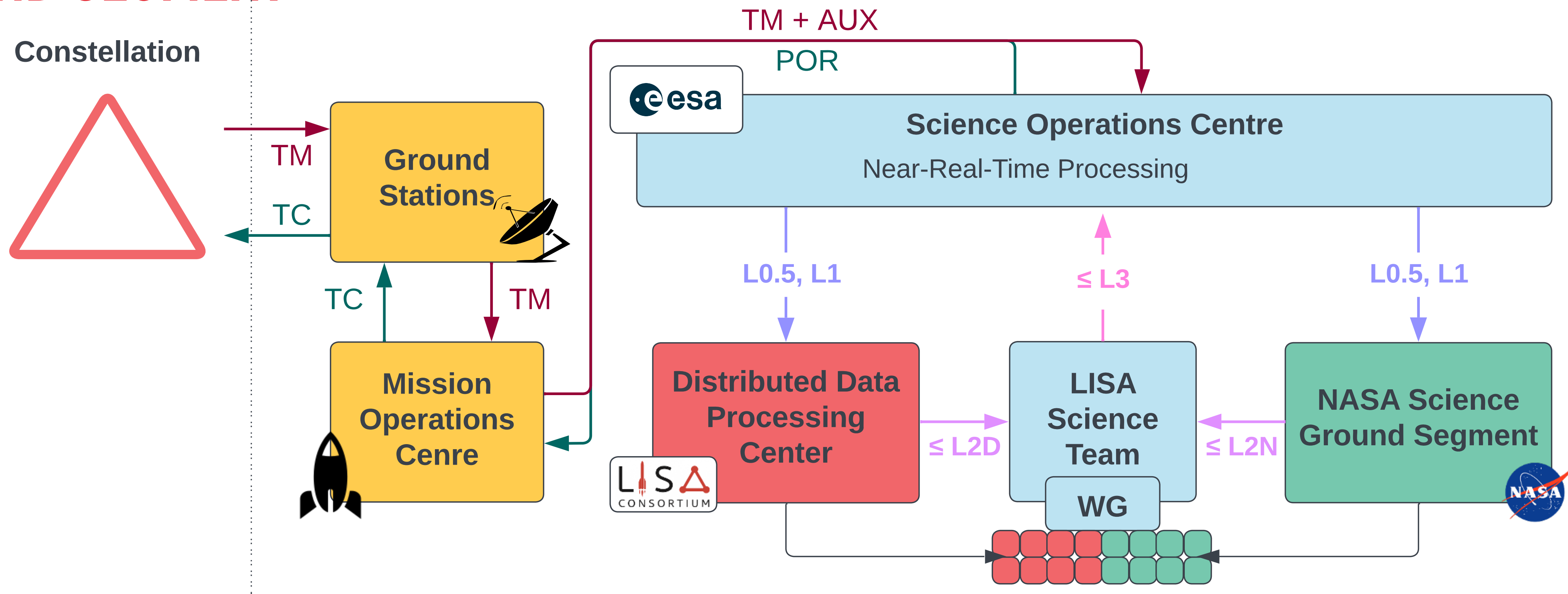
DATA PROCESSING

DISENTANGLING ALL SOURCES



- ▶ Main inputs: interferometric measurements + 3 armlengths
- ▶ Noise reduction: suppress laser noises and clock noises (Time Delay Interferometry)
- ▶ Global fits: iterative/simultaneous fitting for extracting a large number of overlapping sources
- ▶ Stochastic signals and residuals
- ▶ Detected sources combined to form catalogs

GROUND SEGMENT

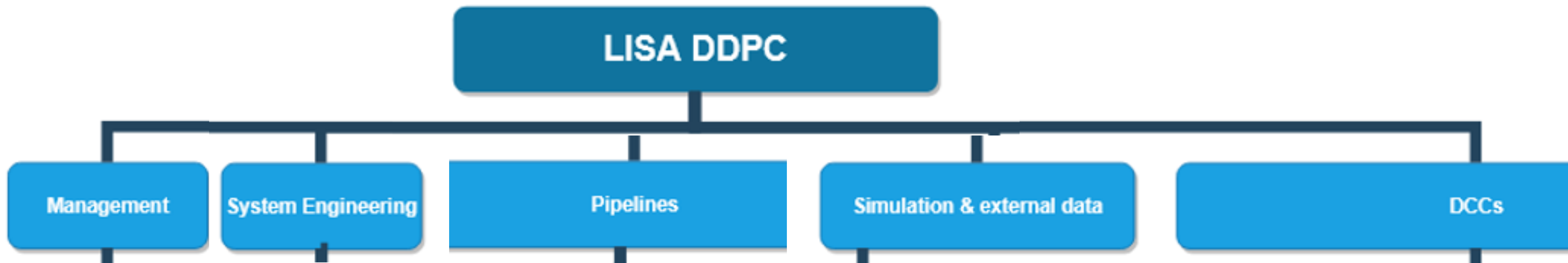


- ▶ Distributed Data Processing Center (DDPC), Europe
- ▶ NASA data processing

- ▶ Several versions of L1, L2 data on different time scale

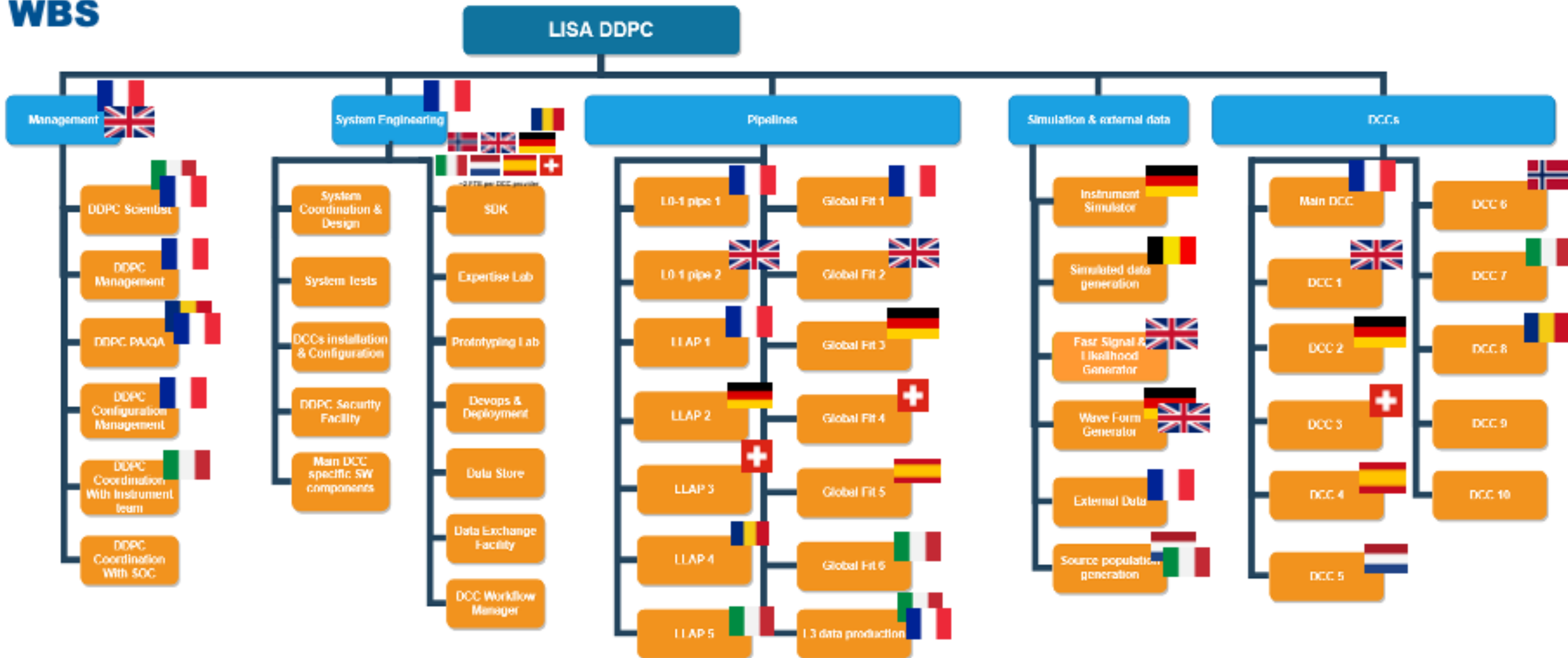
DDPC

- ▶ Responsibilities DDPC shared between ESA member states
- ▶ France in the lead
- ▶ NL will contribute
- ▶ Global structure



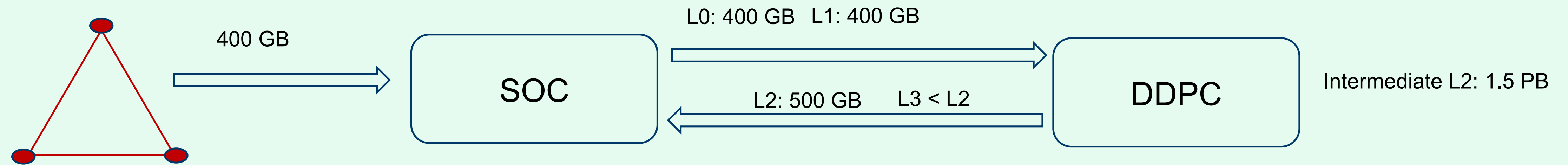
DDPC

WBS

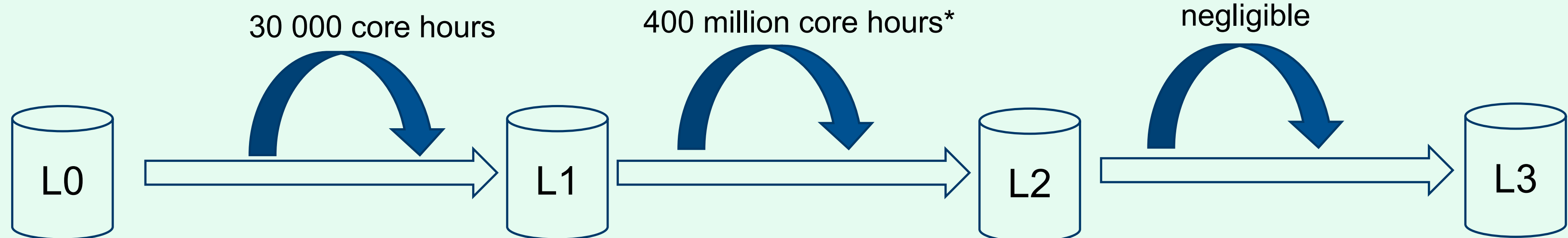


Some numbers

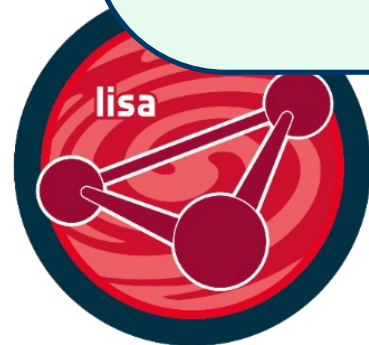
Data size per year



Core hours per year

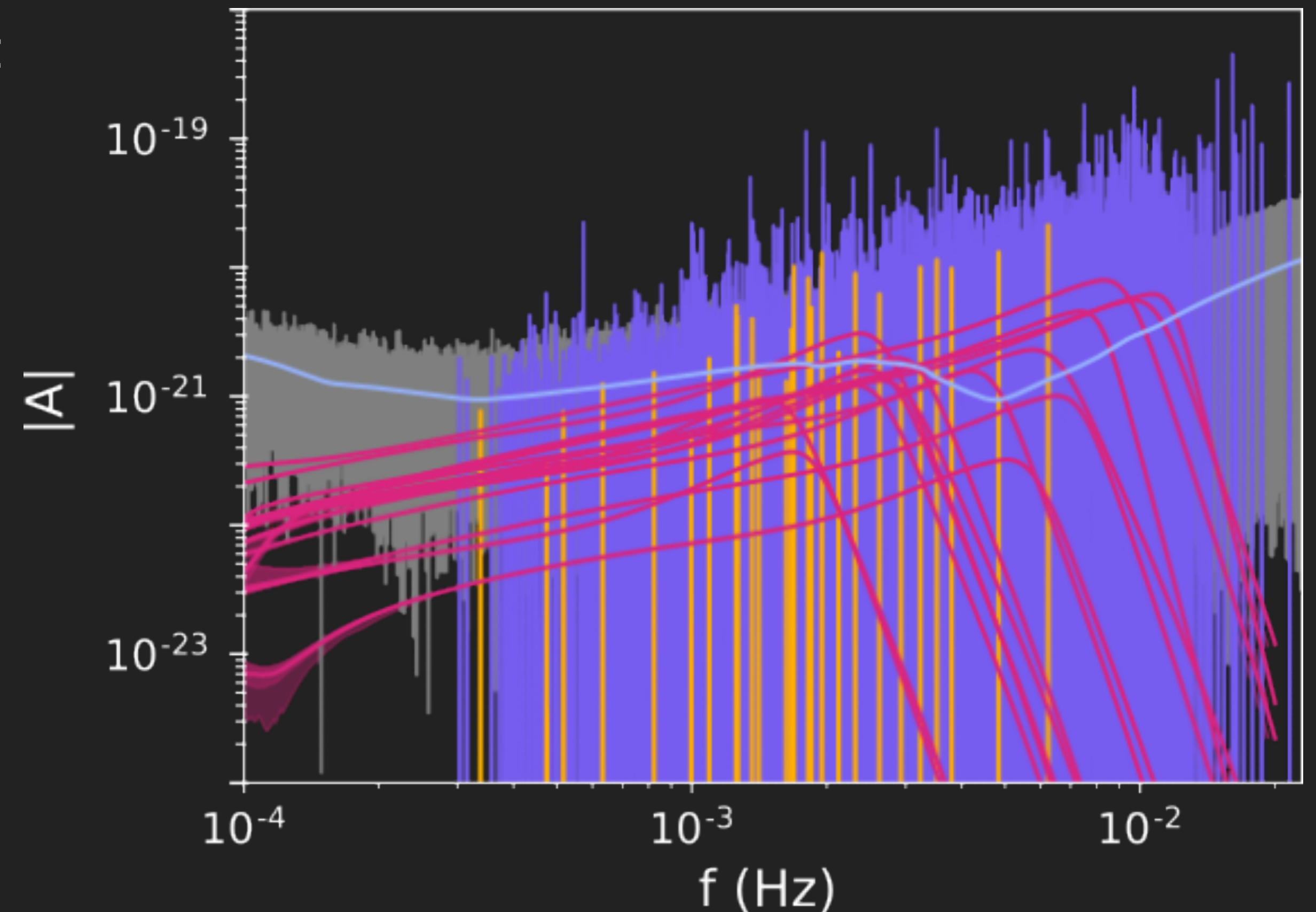


* Considering 2 global fit running in parallel
/!\ Carbon footprint



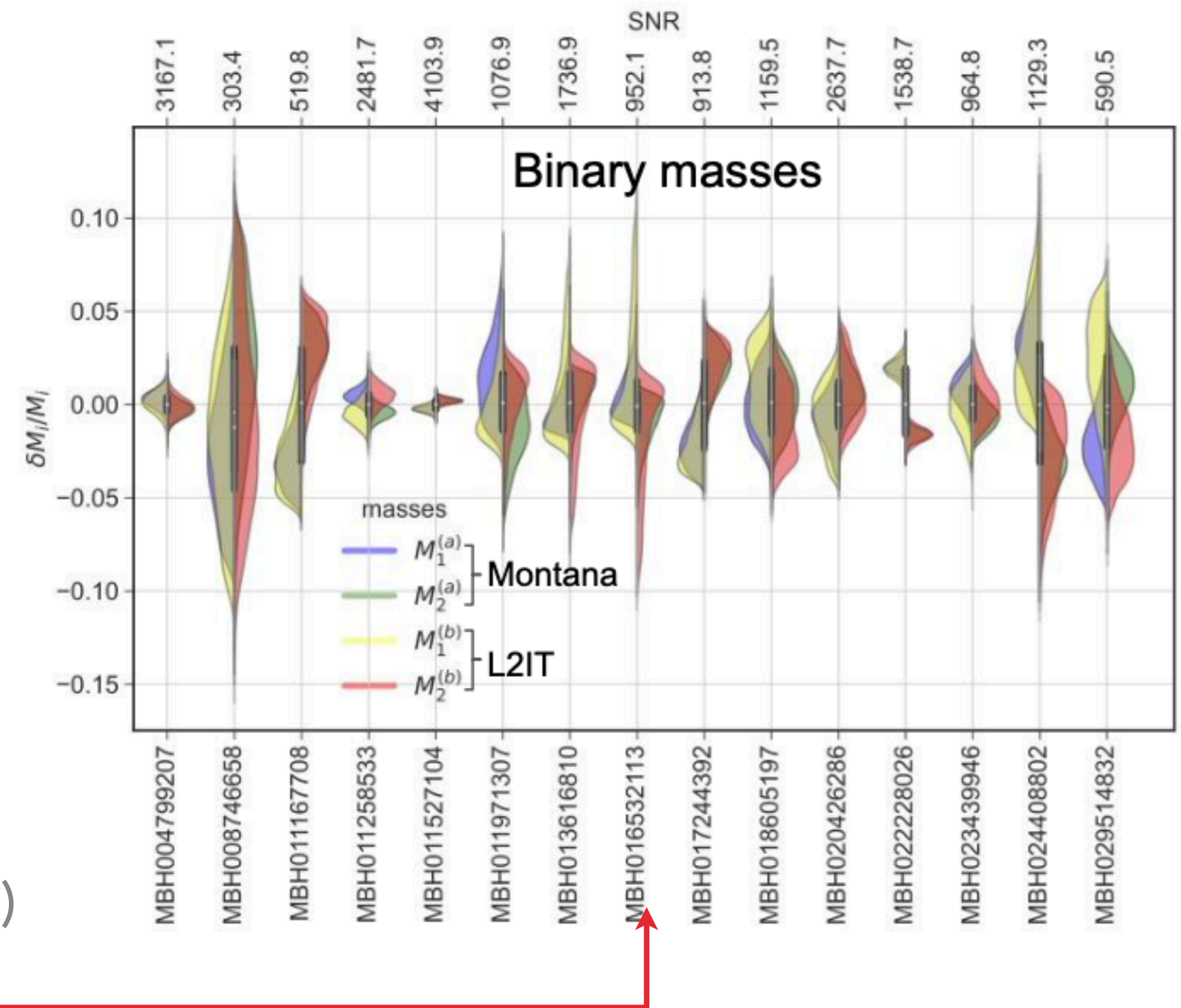
MAKING IT HAPPEN

- ▶ Distributed Data Processing Center (DDPC, Europe) & NASA Science Ground Segment
- ▶ Consolidated catalogs (L3) merged under ESA (PS/LST)
- ▶ Feasibility
 - LISA Data Challenges ongoing
 - Clear plan to final system
- ▶ Data will be made public, including tools and documentation



LISA DATA CHALLENGE

- ▶ Simulated datasets of increasing complexity to drive the development of LISA data analysis pipeline
- ▶ History:
 - 2005-2012: Mock LDC
 - (Re-)started in 2017
 - Future: via DDPC
- ▶ Example: Sangria, the last finalised challenge: 1 year, all GBs + MBHBs + noises
 - Results for Galactic Binaries:
 - Injections with $\text{SNR} > 8$: 7800
 - Well recovered : 5000 to 6000
 - Partially recovered: 1000 to 2000 (up to 25%)
 - MBHBs



BIG DATA CHALLENGES

- ▶ Data processing
 - Synergy with other fields?
 - Role of community
- ▶ Data storage and management
 - ESA experience
 - Good plan, synergy/example possible
- ▶ Emerging technologies
 - ?

